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HOMER  
AND  
ALLIED FAMILIES



HOMER  
AND  
ALLIED FAMILIES

GENEALOGICAL  
AND  
BIOGRAPHICAL



Compiled and Privately Printed for  
ARTHUR BARTLETT HOMER  
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WITHDRAWN FROM  
THE COLLECTIONS





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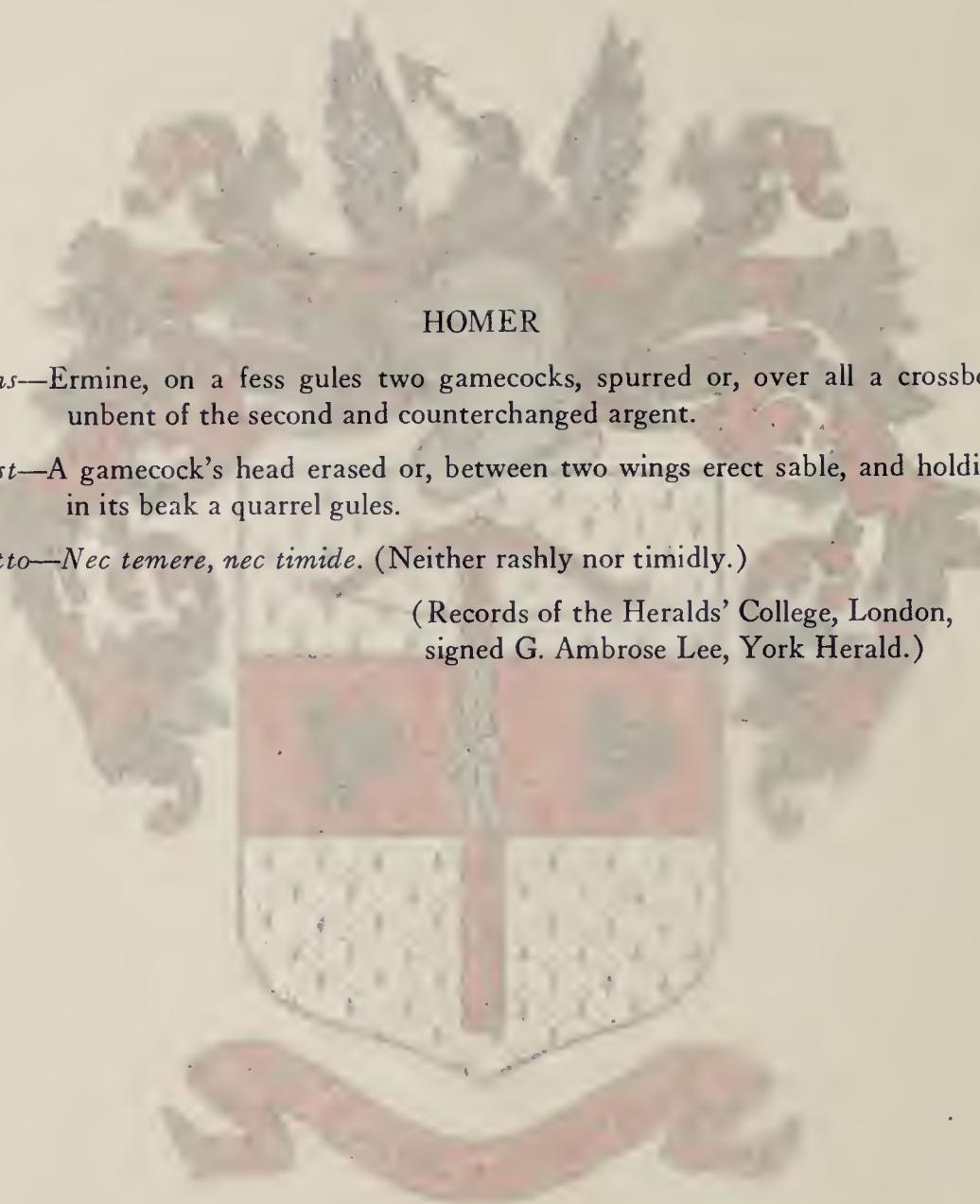
HOMER

Impact of the Second and Countermeasures Against Globalization

(part) - A gauzecock's head instead of pinecones two wings, erect shape and populating  
in its peak a detailed figure.

(*Witnesse—We further declare under penalty of perjury*)

(Records of the Hedges, Oak Hedges,  
Sugardale, Ryhope Colliery, County Durham.)



### HOMER

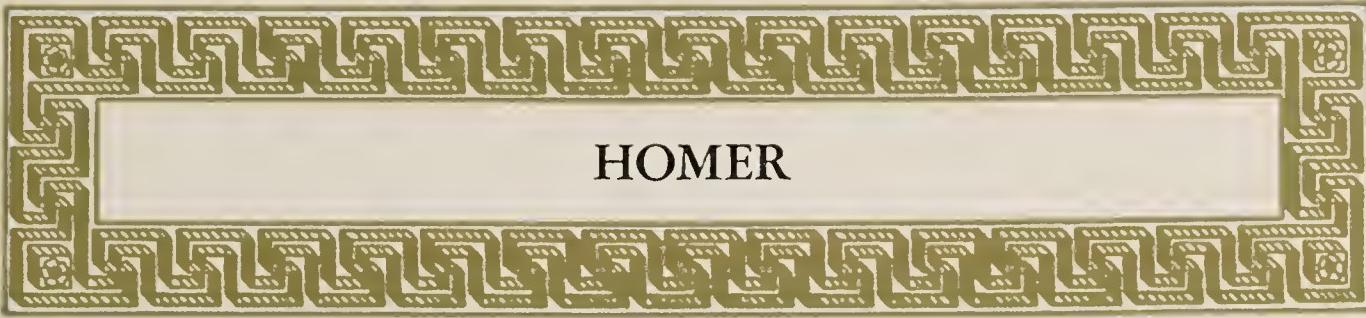
*Arms*—Ermine, on a fess gules two gamecocks, spurred or, over all a crossbow unbent of the second and counterchanged argent.

*Crest*—A gamecock's head erased or, between two wings erect sable, and holding in its beak a quarrel gules.

*Motto*—*Nec temere, nec timide.* (Neither rashly nor timidly.)

(Records of the Heralds' College, London,  
signed G. Ambrose Lee, York Herald.)

Homer



## HOMER



OMER is an old Saxon name, derived from the manor of Homere, now called Hummer, County Somerset, England. Thomas de Homere, Lord of the Manor of Homer, County Somerset, was granted lands in the neighboring county of Dorset in 1338 by Lord Maltravers. In the late fourteenth century the family left County Somerset for County Stafford, where they built the house of Ettingshall, near Bilston, parish of Sedgley.

The Sedgley church, where the family had built a mortuary chapel before the Reformation, was taken down and rebuilt by Earl Dudley in 1829. The chapel was not replaced. In the old church, Edward Homer, the grandfather of Captain John, built a pew in 1626, the oaken seat of which was given to Lord Dudley at the demolition, who, in order to preserve it as a relic, had it built into the wainscoting in his house, The Park, Wren's Nest Hill, near Dudley. It bears the following inscription:

"This: sete: setvp: at: the: proper: cost: and: charis: of: Edward Homer: anno: domini: 1626."  
(Benjamin Homer Dixon: "Brief Account of the Family of Homer or de Homere," pp. 3, 8. Family records.)

### (THE FAMILY IN ENGLAND)

I. *Thomas Holmer* of Ettingshall, parish of Sedgley, County Stafford, England, was baptized there March 27, 1561.

He married, April 22, 1585, Ann Turner, who married, as her second husband, John Button of Penn, County Stafford, and who died in 1644. They had a son, *Edward (1)*, of whom further.

(Burke: "Landed Gentry," 1937, p. 1147. Family records.)

II. *Edward (1) Holmer*, son of Thomas and Ann (Turner) Holmer, was baptized in 1598 and died in 1685.

He married, July 8, 1628, Elizabeth Wilkes, who was buried February 22, 1685/6. The eldest of their four sons was *Edward (2)*, of whom further.

(B. H. Dixon: "Brief Account of the Family of Homer or de Homere," p. 8.)

III. *Edward (2) Holmer*, son of *Edward (1)* and Elizabeth (Wilkes) Holmer, was born in Ettingshall and was baptized in 1634.

He married (first), July 16, 1656, Anne Gibbons, who died in 1675. He married (second) Jane, whose surname had not been found. Fourth among the eight children of the first marriage was a son, *John*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*)

## HOMER

(THE FAMILY IN AMERICA)

*I.* Captain John Homer, as he spelled his surname, son of Edward (2) and Anne (Gibbons) Holmer, was baptized in County Stafford, England, March 20, 1665, and died in Boston, Massachusetts, November 1, 1717. Resigning his right of succession in England to his younger brother Edward, he came to Boston about 1690 to follow shipping interests in America, and became commander of a vessel.

Captain John Homer married, in Boston, July 13, 1693, Margery Stevens, who died at Yarmouth, Massachusetts, in 1762, aged ninety-six or ninety-eight years, daughter of Thomas and Esther Stevens. Among their eight children the fifth was a son, *Michael*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 11-14.)

*II.* Michael Homer, son of Captain John and Margery (Stevens) Homer, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, September 26, 1703, and died there in 1760. He was buried in Kings Chapel, Boston, and the inscription on his gravestone reads:

"Here lies buried the body of  
MICHAEL HOMER  
who departed this life  
April the 28th  
1760  
in the 57th year of his age."

Michael Homer married, June 2, 1726, Sarah Kneeland. (Kneeland III.) The third of their five children was a son, *Jacob*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, p. 13. "Twenty-Fourth Report of the Record Commissioners; Boston Births, 1700-1800," p. 22. Thomas Bridgman: "Memorials of the Dead in Boston," p. 170. Stillman F. Kneeland: "Seven Centuries in the Kneeland Family," p. 66.)

*III.* Jacob Homer, son of Michael and Sarah (Kneeland) Homer, was born in Boston, Massachusetts, in 1734, and died in 1815.

He married (first), October 13, 1757, in Boston, Abiah Flagg. (Flagg—Family in America—V.) He married (second) Tabatha Dana, a widow. A son of the first marriage was *Eleazer (1)*, of whom further.

("Thirtieth Report of the Record Commissioners; Boston Marriages, 1752-1800," p. 26.)

*IV.* Eleazer (1) Homer, son of Jacob and Abiah (Flagg) Homer, was born in 1761, and died September 3, 1847, at Cambridge, Massachusetts. In the 1821 Boston directory he was listed as a surveyor of lumber and his business address was 80 Hanover Street. In 1837 he was a member of the prudential school board of West Cambridge (now Arlington), Massachusetts.

Eleazer (1) Homer married, November 12, 1786, in Boston, Mary Bartlett, who was born in 1770 and died March 10, 1844, aged seventy-four years, in Cambridge, daughter of Captain Abraham and Mary (Brown) Bartlett. They were the parents of a son, *Eleazer (2)*, of whom further.

(William Richard Cutter: "History of Arlington," p. 140. "Thirtieth Report of the Record Commissioners; Boston Marriages, 1752-1800," p. 413. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 607. "Boston Directory, 1821," p. 145.)

*V. Eleazer (2) Homer*, son of Eleazer (1) and Mary (Bartlett) Homer, was born June 28, 1796, in that part of Cambridge, Massachusetts, which is now Belmont. He died in 1869. In the Boston directory of 1821 he was listed as working in the lumber field at Lewis' wharf, and in the directory of 1836 he was recorded as employed at the Battery wharf. In 1838 he was a member of the prudential school board of West Cambridge (now Arlington), Massachusetts.

Eleazer (2) Homer married, June 8, 1828, Louisa Agnes Wellington. (Wellington V, Child 2.) They had a son, *Orlando Mead*, of whom further.

(Lucius R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," p. 683. W. R. Cutter: "History of Arlington," p. 140. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 368. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," p. 113. "Boston Directory," 1821, p. 145; 1836, p. 213. Family records.)

*VI. Orlando Mead Homer*, son of Eleazer (2) and Louisa Agnes (Wellington) Homer, was born in 1836, baptized November 18, 1838, and died in 1868. He resided in Belmont, Massachusetts.

Orlando Mead Homer married Mary Frances Wellington. (Wellington VIII.) Their son was *Eleazer Bartlett*, of whom further.

(W. R. Cutter: "History of Arlington," p. 262. Family records.)

*VII. Eleazer Bartlett Homer*, son of Orlando Mead and Mary Frances (Wellington) Homer, was born at Belmont, Massachusetts, October 16, 1864, died February 12, 1929, and is buried at Swan Point Cemetery, Providence, Rhode Island. He was an architect and Professor of Architecture at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. He resided at Belmont, until 1901, and thereafter at Providence where he was Managing Director of the Rhode Island School of Design and later a practicing architect. He owned a summer residence at Southwest Harbor, Maine.

Eleazer Bartlett Homer married in October, 1886, Elizabeth Frances Hough, who was born on November 25, 1860, in Boston, Massachusetts, and died at Providence, Rhode Island in 1921, daughter of Luther W. and Martha E. (Gould) Hough of Belmont, Massachusetts. She is also buried in Swan Point Cemetery. The children of this marriage were five daughters, Ruth, Louise, Marjory, Winifred, Mildred, and a son, *Arthur Bartlett*, of whom further.

(Family records.)

*VIII. Arthur Bartlett Homer*, son of Eleazer Bartlett and Elizabeth Frances (Hough) Homer, was born in Belmont, Massachusetts, April 14, 1896. The family moved to Providence, Rhode Island, in 1901, and he attended the public schools there, graduating from Providence Technical High School in 1913. He attended Brown University and was graduated in 1917 with the degree of Ph.B. in Economics and Engineering. He had planned to enter the Massachusetts Institute of Technology for post-graduate work in engineering administration, but World War I came and he enlisted in the Navy in 1917. He went to the United States Naval Academy and the United States Submarine School and after graduating, served as a submarine officer with rank of lieutenant (junior grade), United States Navy, first at sea and later at Quincy, Massachusetts, as Engineering Officer on the U.S. Submarine AA-1, then under construction. Resigning from the Navy in November, 1919, he began his business career as assistant to the general superintendent of Bethlehem Shipbuilding Corporation, Quincy, Massachusetts. From 1921 to 1925 he was

## HOMER—WELLINGTON

manager of that corporation's Diesel engineering and sales department at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, and from 1926 to 1931 he was made manager of sales of all Bethlehem's shipbuilding activities at 25 Broadway, New York City, residing at Larchmont, New York. In 1931 he moved to Quincy, Massachusetts, and in 1934 became Assistant Vice President. In 1938 he returned to New York, residing at Harrison, in that State. Mr. Homer was made Vice President in charge of the Shipbuilding Division of the Bethlehem Steel Company in 1940 and a director of Bethlehem Steel Corporation. He was in charge of Bethlehem's shipbuilding activities during World War II when over eleven hundred ships of all types were built. In 1945 he was elected President of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation and moved to Bethlehem, Pennsylvania. In October, 1957 he was elected President and Chief Executive Officer of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation.

Mr. Homer received the honorary Doctor of Laws degree from Brown University in 1947 and from Alfred University in 1952. He is a life trustee of Brown University, and was chairman of the Brown University Student Housing Board which managed the building of the Wriston ten million dollar quadrangle. He is honorary vice president of the Society of Naval Architects and Naval Engineers, and vice president of the American Iron and Steel Institute. His fraternity at Brown University was Alpha Delta Phi. He received the President of the United States' citation for meritorious service during World War II. In 1957 the Society of Naval Architects and Naval Engineers awarded him the Admiral Emory Land medal for outstanding accomplishment in the marine field.

Arthur Bartlett Homer married, September 14, 1922, Sara J. Yocom who was born at Reading, Pennsylvania, November 21, 1899, daughter of Lyman and Jennie (Mauger) Yocom.

### Children:

1. Constance, born November 4, 1923, at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania; educated at Miss Wheeler's, Providence, Rhode Island and Sarah Lawrence College; married, April 3, 1943, David Luther Rawls, Jr., son of David L. and Sarah (Davis) Rawls, born in Suffolk, Virginia, January 4, 1921; educated at Virginia Military Academy, and served in the Air Force as a bomber pilot in World War II. Children:
  - i. Davian, born February 13, 1944.
  - ii. Christopher Darden, born May 28, 1947.
  - iii. Cynthia, born January 20, 1951.
  - iv. Jennifer, born October 24, 1952.
2. Richard Wellington, born at Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, September 22, 1927; educated at Proctor Academy, Cornell, Alfred and Massachusetts

Institute of Technology. Now an Architect, residing at Wellesley, Massachusetts; married, October 17, 1953, Mary Roxanne Jones, born at Syracuse, New York, January 21, 1932, daughter of W. Binion and Mary (Potter) Jones; educated at Alfred University. Children:

- i. Deborah, born September 11, 1954.
- ii. Susannah, born August 28, 1958.
3. Stephen Bartlett, born at Quincy, Massachusetts, April 30, 1934, educated at Vermont Academy, Brown and Alfred Universities; now serving in Armed Forces; married June 27, 1958, Carol Spring Lownes, born at Providence, Rhode Island, March 29, 1939, daughter of Albert Edgar and Barbara (Spring) Lownes, educated at Miss Wheeler's and Emma Willard.

(*Ibid.*)

### (THE WELLINGTON LINE)

The surname Wellington is of local English origin, meaning "of Wellington," which is the name of parishes in the counties of Hereford, Salop, and Somerset, England. Robert de Welinton of County Salop was of record in the Hundred Rolls of 1273.

(C. W. Bardsley: "A Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

## WILKES

*Arms*—Paly of six, or and gules, on a chief argent three mascles of the second.

*Crest*—A cubit arm, habited gules cuffed argent grasping a crossbow or.

(Burke: "Encyclopaedia of Heraldry.")

## STEVENS

*Arms*—Per chevron azure and argent, in chief two falcons, wings expanded or.

*Crest*—A demi eagle displayed or, charged on the breast with a mullet sable.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## HILL

*Arms*—Sable, on a fesse argent between three cats passant guardant or a cross moline between two cocks gules.

*Crest*—A buck's head per pale gules and azure the nose or, collared of the last.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## LORING

*Arms*—Quarterly argent and gules, a bend engrailed sable.

*Crest*—Out of a bowl or, five quills erect argent.

*Motto*—*Faire sans dire.*

(Crozier: "General Armory.")

## WELLINGTON

*Arms*—Gules, a saltire vair.

(Burke: "General Armory."  
Matthews: "American Armoury.")

*Crest*—A mountain pine vert, fructed or.

(Matthews: "American Armoury.")

## HOMER

*Arms*—Ermine on a fess gules two gamecocks, spurred or, over all a crossbow unbent of the second and counterchanged argent.

*Crest*—A gamecock's head erased or, between two wings erect sable and holding in its beak a quarrel gules.

*Motto*—*Nec temere, nec timide.*

(Records of the Heralds' College, London,  
signed G. Ambrose Lee, York Herald.)

## WILSON—WILSON

Wilson—A portrait bust of Wilson, the 28th President of the United States, by James Earle Fraser, in bronze, 1920, height 3 ft., weight 1,500 lbs.; Wilson, the 28th President of the United States, by James Earle Fraser, in bronze, 1920, height 3 ft., weight 1,500 lbs.

(Bisque; "Political Figures and Landmarks,")  
Wilson—A bust of Wilson, president of the United States, by James Earle Fraser, in bronze, 1920, height 3 ft., weight 1,500 lbs.

## STEVENS

Stevens—A portrait bust of Stevens, in bronze, 1920, height 3 ft., weight 1,500 lbs.; Stevens, the 13th Vice-President of the United States, by James Earle Fraser, in bronze, 1920, height 3 ft., weight 1,500 lbs.

## HILL

Hill—A bust of Hill, president of the United States, by James Earle Fraser, in bronze, 1920, height 3 ft., weight 1,500 lbs.

(Bisque; "Political Figures and Landmarks,")

## FORBES

Forbes—A bust of Forbes, president of the United States, by James Earle Fraser, in bronze, 1920, height 3 ft., weight 1,500 lbs.

(Bisque; "Political Figures and Landmarks,")

## MELVILLE

Melville—A bust of Melville, president of the United States, by James Earle Fraser, in bronze, 1920, height 3 ft., weight 1,500 lbs.

(Bisque; "Political Figures and Landmarks,")

## HOMER

Homer—A bust of Homer, president of the United States, by James Earle Fraser, in bronze, 1920, height 3 ft., weight 1,500 lbs.

(Bisque; "Political Figures and Landmarks,")

Homer—A bust of Homer, president of the United States, by James Earle Fraser, in bronze, 1920, height 3 ft., weight 1,500 lbs.

(Bisque; "Political Figures and Landmarks,")

# HOMER FAMILY DESCENT

## GIBBONS

*Arms*—Sable, a lion rampant between three escallops argent.

*Crest*—A demi-lion regardant sable holding between the paws an escallop argent.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## FLEGG (FLAGG)

*Arms*—Argent, a chevron engrailed gules.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## TURNER

*Arms*—Ermine, three fers-de-moline sable.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## CLELAND-KNELAND (KNEELAND)

*Arms*—Azure, a hare salient argent with a hunting horn vert, garnished gules hanging about the neck.

*Crest*—A falcon standing on a sinister hand glove proper.

*Mottos*—*Non Sibi  
and  
For sport.*

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## BARTLET (BARTLETT)

*Arms*—Azure, on a chevron flory between three doves argent charged with as many trefoils slipped vert pierced or.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, two demi dragons, without wings vert tied back to back with a cord azure issuing from the middle of the coronet, passing under their throats, and meeting above their heads in two bows.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## HOUGH

*Arms*—Argent, a bend sable.

*Crest*—A wolf's head erased sable.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

CHRON

предмета, включенного в титул или в подзаголовок.

**Group A** (with no intervention): sample population without type 1 diabetes and no evidence of stroke at baseline.

(“*Young India*” : 1981)

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JOURNAL

CHI-EPICARD

1 / 3

(*Chemical Engineering*)

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# HOMER FAMILY DESCENT

OF ARTHUR BARTLETT HOMER



WILKES



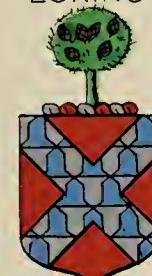
STEVENS



HILL



LORING



WELLINGTON



HOMER

1 Thomas Holmer of Ettingshall, Sedgley Parish, Co. Stafford, Eng., was bapt. there, Mar. 27, 1561. He m., in 1585, Ann Turner, who d. in 1644

2 Edward (1) Holmer, bapt. in 1598 & d. in 1685; m. July 8, 1628, Elizabeth Wilkes, who was bur. Feb. 22, 1685/6

3 Edward (2) Holmer, b. in Ettingshall & was bapt. in 1634; m. 1st, July 16, 1656, Anne Gibbons who d. in 1675

4 Capt. John Homer, bapt. in Co. Stafford, Eng., Mar. 20, 1665, & d. in Boston, Mass., Nov. 1, 1717. Resigning his right of succession to his younger brother, Edward, he came to Boston abt. 1690 to follow shipping interests in America, & became commander of a vessel. He m., in Boston, July 13, 1693, Margery Stevens, who d. at Yarmouth, Mass., in 1672, ae 96 or 98 years. She was the dau. of Thomas & Esther Stevens

5 Michael Homer, b. in Boston, Sept. 26, 1703; d. there in 1760 & was bur. in Kings Chapel. He m. June 2, 1726, Sarah Kneeland, b. Jan. 4, 1700; d. Nov. 10, 1782. She was the dau. of John & Mary (Green) Kneeland

6 Jacob Homer, b. in Boston, in 1734; d. in 1815; m. 1st, in Boston, Oct. 13, 1757, Abiah Flagg, dau. of Eleazer & Mary (Buck) Flagg

7 Eleazer (1) Homer, b. in 1761; d. Sept. 3, 1847, at Cambridge, Mass.; m. Nov. 12, 1786, in Boston, Mary Bartlett, b. in 1770 & d. Mar. 10, 1844, d. of Capt. Abraham & Mary (Brown) Bartlett

8 Eleazer (2) Homer, b. June 28, 1796, in Cambridge, Mass.; d. in 1869; m. June 8, 1828, Louisa Agnes Wellington, bpt. at Menotomy, Mass.; d. Mar. 2, 1863, d. of Col. Jeduthan & Elizabeth (Loring-Homer-Winneck) Wellington

9 Orlando Mead Homer, b. in 1836; d. in 1868; m. Mary Frances Wellington, b. Nov. 29, 1842; d. in 1913, d. of Joseph Oliver & Sarah Weld (Hill) Wellington

10 Eleazer Bartlett Homer, b. Oct. 16, 1864; d. in 1929; m. Elizabeth Frances Hough, b. in 1860; d. in 1921, d. of Luther W. & Martha E. (Gould) Hough

11 ARTHUR BARTLETT HOMER, b. Apr. 14, 1896; m. Sept. 14, 1922, Sara J. Yocom, b. in 1899

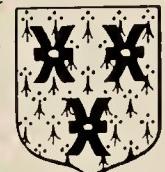
I Constance, b. Nov. 4, 1923; m. David Luther Rawls, Jr.  
II Richard Wellington, b. Sept. 22, 1927; m. Roxanne Jones  
III Stephen Bartlett, b. Apr. 30, 1934



GIBBONS



FLEGG (FLAGG)



TURNER



CLELAND-KNEELAND (KNEELAND)



BARTLET (BARTLETT)



HOUGH



*I.* Roger Willington, progenitor of his family in America, was born in England in 1609-10, and died March 11, 1697/8, in Watertown, Massachusetts. He was in Watertown by July 25, 1636, when he became one of the first proprietors of the town. In December 1673 he deposed that he was about sixty-four years of age. He was a selectman of Watertown in 1678-1679, 1681-1684, and 1691, and on April 18, 1690 he was admitted a freeman. He served as a corporal in the Watertown company.

Roger Willington married, about 1637, Mary Palgrave. (Palgrave—Family in America—II.) The third among their six children was a son, *Joseph (I)*, of whom further.

(Henry Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," p. 627. Charles Hudson: "History of the Town of Lexington, Massachusetts," Vol. II, pp. 726-727. "Vital Records of Watertown, Massachusetts," Vol. II, pp. 8, 12. Society of Colonial Wars: "An Index of Ancestors and Roll of Members," p. 521.)

*II. Joseph (I) Wellington*, as the name came to be spelled in this generation, son of Roger and Mary (Palgrave) Willington, was born October 9, 1643, in Watertown, Massachusetts, and died October 30, 1714. He served in King Philip's War in 1676, and in December 1677 was admitted a freeman.

Joseph (I) Wellington married (first) Sarah, whose surname is not known and who died February 5, 1683/4, at Watertown. He married (second), June 6, 1684, at Watertown, Elizabeth Straight, who died October 30, 1714, daughter of Captain Thomas and Elizabeth (Kimball) Straight, and granddaughter of Henry and Susan Kimball. Captain Thomas Straight, who was born about 1619 and died November 22, 1681, was in Watertown by 1644. He took the oath of fidelity in 1652, and was captain of the military company. Henry Kimball, who was born about 1590, and died before July 22, 1648, came from Rattlesden, Suffolk, England, with his wife and two daughters in the ship "Elizabeth," sailing from Ipswich, Suffolk, in April, 1634, and arriving in Boston, Massachusetts, in July. He was admitted a freeman at Watertown, May 2, 1638. His wife Susan, whose maiden name is not known, was born about 1599, and died August 19, 1684, having married (second), a Mr. Loe. Elizabeth Kimball was born in England about 1630, and died January 1, 1718/9.

The second among the four children of Joseph (I) and Elizabeth (Straight) Wellington, and their only son, was *Thomas*, of whom further.

(H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," pp. 323, 592, 627, 628, 815, 955. C. Hudson: "History of the Town of Lexington, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 727. "Vital Records of Watertown, Massachusetts," Vol. I, pp. 11, 53, 54; Vol. II, p. 55. Society of Colonial Wars, "Index of Ancestors and Honor Roll, 1922," pp. 457, 521. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, p. 21; Vol. IV, p. 220. Charles Edward Banks: "The Planters of the Commonwealth," 1930, p. 118. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," 1900, pp. 269, 438.)

*III. Thomas Wellington*, son of Joseph (I) and Elizabeth (Straight) Wellington, was born November 10, 1686, at Watertown, Massachusetts, and died July 3, 1759. He was "of Cambridge," Massachusetts, at the time of his second marriage in Watertown in 1735. He was admitted to the precinct church at Cambridge at the time of its organization, September 9, 1739.

Thomas Wellington married (first) Rebecca, whose surname according to Henry Bond in his "Genealogies of Watertown" was Whittemore, but according to Charles Hudson in his "History of Lexington" was Simonds. She died November 6, 1734, aged fifty-

## WELLINGTON

three years. He married (second), April 1, 1735, Cherry (Adams) Stone. (Adams II, Child 2.) Among the five children of the first marriage was a son, *Joseph* (2), of whom further.

(H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," p. 628. C. Hudson: "History of the Town of Lexington, Massachusetts," Vol. II, pp. 727-28. William Richard Cutter: "History of Arlington, Massachusetts," p. 314. "Vital Records of Watertown, Massachusetts," Vol. I, pp. 58, 104.)

*IV. Joseph* (2) *Wellington*, son of Thomas and Rebecca Wellington, was born November 21, 1711, at Watertown, Massachusetts, and died December 18, 1777, at Menotomy (now Arlington), Massachusetts. He was "of Cambridge" at the time of his marriage in Watertown. He was precinct committeeman and assessor of Arlington from 1761 to 1763, and served as precinct collector in 1775.

*Joseph* (2) *Wellington* married, November 13, 1733, Dorcas Stone. (Stone—Family in America—V.) Among their ten children were:

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1. Rebecca, who was born September 4, 1737, at<br>Watertown, and died August 16, 1770. She mar- | ried Zechariah (2) Hill. (Hill V.)<br>2. <i>Jeduthan</i> , of whom further. |
|---|---|

(H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," pp. 523, 628, 629-30. C. Hudson: "History of the Town of Lexington, Massachusetts," Vol. II, pp. 728, 729. Lucius R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," p. 683. W. R. Cutter: "History of Arlington," p. 314. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," p. 157. National Society Daughters of the American Revolution: "Lineage Book," Vol. XXXVI, p. 353.)

*V. Colonel Jeduthan Wellington*, son of *Joseph* (2) and Dorcas (Stone) Wellington, was born September 4, 1750, was baptized September 9, 1750, at Watertown, and died November 28, 1838. He was a farmer at Cambridge and served in the Revolutionary War as a sergeant in Captain John Walton's company, Colonel Brooks' regiment in 1776. He was colonel of the militia and served as one of the first overseers of the poor. He was a selectman for eighteen years between 1780 and 1805, and was representative for nine years between 1788 and 1806. He was one of the principal projectors of the Concord Turnpike, and entered vigorously into opposition of fencing Cambridge Common. In 1807 he was one of the petitioners for the incorporation of West Cambridge.

Colonel *Jeduthan Wellington* married (first), April 23, 1775, Susanna Reed, who died at Menotomy (now Arlington), October 3, 1802, aged fifty-one years, daughter of Sweethern and Margery (Perry) Reed. He married (second), May 31, 1803, as her third husband, Mrs. Elizabeth (Loring-Homer) Winneck. (Loring VI.) Third among the eight children of the first marriage was a son, *Charles*, of whom further. A daughter by the second marriage was Louisa Agnes, who was baptized April 20, 1806, at Menotomy, and died March 2, 1863. She married Eleazer (2) Homer. (Homer—Family in America—V.)

(H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," p. 630. C. Hudson: "History of the Town of Lexington, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 729. L. R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," pp. 237, 238, 428, 461, 465. W. R. Cutter: "History of Arlington," pp. 314-15. "Vital Records of Watertown, Massachusetts," Vol. IV, p. 153. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," p. 157. "Vital Records of Woburn, Massachusetts," p. 297. "Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors in the Revolutionary War," Vol. XVII, p. 497.)

*VI. Charles Wellington*, son of Colonel *Jeduthan* and Susanna (Reed) Wellington, was born November 28, 1780, was baptized December 3, 1780, at Menotomy (now Arling-

ton), Massachusetts, and died May 19, 1848. He resided at West Cambridge and was a farmer.

Charles Wellington married, January 12, 1809, Anna Locke. (Locke VI.) Third among their ten children was a son, *Joseph Oliver*, of whom further.

(L. R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," pp. 683, 783. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," pp. 44, 113, 155. John Goodwin Locke: "Book of the Lockes," pp. 164-65.)

*VII. Joseph Oliver Wellington*, son of Charles and Anna (Locke) Wellington, was born October 1, 1812, at West Cambridge, Massachusetts, and died in 1876. He resided in that part of West Cambridge which is now Belmont.

Joseph Oliver Wellington married, April 15, 1841, Sarah Weld Hill. (Hill VIII.) The eldest of their four children was a daughter, *Mary Frances*, of whom further.

(J. G. Locke: "Book of the Lockes," p. 164. Daniel Hovey Association: "The Hovey Book," p. 205. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," p. 82.)

*VIII. Mary Frances Wellington*, daughter of Joseph Oliver and Sarah Weld (Hill) Wellington, was born November 29, 1842, and died in 1913.

She married Orlando Mead Homer. (Homer—Family in America—VI.)

(J. G. Locke: "Book of the Lockes," p. 164.)

#### (THE HILL LINE)

Hill is a surname of local origin, meaning "the dweller at the hill." In the Hundred Rolls of 1273 there were recorded Alan del Hil of County Essex, England, and Walter de la Hille, County Devon.

(C. W. Bardsley: "A Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

*I. Abraham (1) Hill*, founder of his family in America, was born about 1615 in England and died February 13, 1669/70, in that part of Charlestown which is now Malden, Massachusetts. He was an inhabitant of Charlestown as early as 1636, and was admitted a freeman on May 13, 1640. He was a carpenter and kept a mill for John Coitmore.

Abraham (1) Hill married Sarah, or Sarra Long, who was eighteen in 1635. She was the daughter of Robert Long, who had embarked on the "Defence" with his wife and ten children from Dunstable, Bedfordshire, England, July 7, 1635. Among their eight children was a son, *Zechary*, of whom further.

(Thomas Bellows Wyman: "Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown," pp. 499, 625. Lucius R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," p. 581. Ezra S. Stearns: "History of Ashburnham, 1734-1886," p. 745. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 415.)

*II. Zechary Hill*, son of Abraham (1) and Sarah, or Sarra (Long) Hill, was born about 1645 and died before June 12, 1672, when the inventory of his estate was taken.

He married, September 24, 1668, Deborah Norton, who died in 1698, daughter of Captain Francis and Mary Norton of Charlestown. She married, as her second husband, Matthew Griffin. A child of the first marriage was *Abraham (2)*, of whom further.

(T. B. Wyman: "Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown," pp. 501, 710. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 421.)

*III. Abraham (2) Hill*, son of Zechary and Deborah (Norton) Hill, was born in August 1670 and died March 9, 1746, at West Cambridge, Massachusetts. He and his wife are buried in the Garden Street Cemetery in West Cambridge (now Arlington). He resided in Charlestown, but was "of Cambridge" on December 2, 1737.

Abraham (2) Hill married Sarah Cooper, who was born March 20, 1672/3, at Groton, Massachusetts, and died March 30, 1762, daughter of Timothy and Sarah (Morse) Cooper, of Groton, who were married June 2, 1669, and granddaughter of Joseph and Hester (Peirce) Morse, of Watertown. Joseph Morse who was born in England about 1610, and died in Massachusetts, March 4, 1690/1, came in the ship "Elizabeth" in 1634, was one of the earliest proprietors of Watertown, and was admitted a freeman, May 6, 1635.

The youngest of the three children of Abraham (2) and Sarah (Cooper) Hill, was a son, *Zechariah (1)*, of whom further.

(T. B. Wyman: "Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown," pp. 240, 501. L. R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," pp. 581, 582. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," p. 138. "Vital Records of Groton, Massachusetts," p. 56. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, p. 455. Henry Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," 1860, pp. 371, 373.)

*IV. Zechariah (1) Hill*, son of Abraham (2) and Sarah (Cooper) Hill, was baptized April 26, 1708, and died March 10 or 11, 1768, in Menotomy (now Arlington), Massachusetts. He was taxed in Charlestown in 1762 and 1765, but he resided in Menotomy, where he served as committeeman and assessor.

Zechariah (1) Hill married, February 10, 1731/2, Rebecca Cutter. (Cutter V.) She married, as her second husband, Captain Samuel Carter of Woburn. Among the eleven children of the first marriage was a son, *Zechariah (2)*, of whom further.

(T. B. Wyman: "Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown," pp. 261, 501. L. R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," pp. 582, 583. Ezra S. Stearns: "History of Ashburnham, 1734-1886," p. 745. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," p. 139. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 355; Vol. II, pp. 199, 601.)

*V. Zechariah (2) Hill*, son of Zechariah (1) and Rebecca (Cutter) Hill, was baptized March 27, 1737, in Menotomy (now Arlington), Massachusetts, and died there March 10, 1812. He resided in Menotomy and was a private in the French and Indian Wars. In 1775 he enlisted in Captain Benjamin Locke's company, Lieutenant Colonel William Bond's 37th regiment, and served in the troops guarding the convention in 1778.

Zechariah (2) Hill married (first), January 22, 1757, Rebecca Wellington. (Wellington IV, Child 1.) He married (second), May 9, 1771, Ruth Robbins, who died March 21, 1816, aged seventy-eight years. Among the children of the first marriage was a son, *Zechariah (3)*, of whom further.

(T. B. Wyman: "Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown," pp. 410, 501. L. R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," pp. 410, 583-84, 683. "Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors in the Revolutionary War," Vol. VII, pp. 909-10. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," pp. 82, 139. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 355; Vol. II, pp. 199, 411.)

*VI. Zechariah (3) Hill*, son of Zechariah (2) and Rebecca (Wellington) Hill, was born June 8, 1759, in Menotomy (now Arlington), Massachusetts, and died there March 5, 1814.

He married, March 25, 1783, Abigail Blodgett. They had a son *Zechariah (4)*, of whom further.

(T. B. Wyman: "Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown," p. 501. L. R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," p. 583. William Richard Cutter: "History of Arlington," p. 260. "Vital Records of Cambridge," Vol. I, p. 355; Vol. II, p. 199.)

*VII.* Zechariah (4) Hill, son of Zechariah (3) and Abigail (Blodgett) Hill, was born October 16, 1790, in Menotomy (now Arlington), Massachusetts, and died April 3, 1850, in Woburn, Massachusetts. He was a farmer in West Cambridge until 1823, when he removed to Woburn where he lived on Pleasant Street until his death.

Zechariah (4) Hill married, April 10, 1814, Hannah Hovey. (Hovey VI.) The fifth among their eight children was a daughter, *Sarah Weld*, of whom further.

(Daniel Hovey Association: "The Hovey Book," p. 205. "Woburn Births, Deaths and Marriages," Part V, p. 77. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," p. 82.)

*VIII.* Sarah Weld Hill, daughter of Zechariah (4) and Hannah (Hovey) Hill, was born June 29, 1820, in West Cambridge (now Arlington), Massachusetts, and died in Belmont, Massachusetts, June 4, 1898.

She married Joseph Oliver Wellington (Wellington VII.)

(Daniel Hovey Association: "The Hovey Book," p. 205. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," pp. 27, 82.)

#### (THE HOVEY LINE)

*I.* Daniel Hovey, son of Richard Hovey, glover, who lived at Waltham Abbey, County Essex, England, and was buried there March 7, 1636/7, was the founder of his family in America. He was baptized August 9, 1618, at Waltham Abbey, Essex County, and died April 24, 1692, at Ipswich, Massachusetts. He emigrated to Ipswich in 1635, and on February 5, 1637, the town granted him six acres of land at Muddy Creek. He was surveyor of highways at Ipswich in 1648-1649 and 1649-1650, juror at Ipswich court in 1649, constable in 1658, and selectman on February 14, 1659. In May 1668, he removed to Brookfield, Massachusetts; in May 1672 he was in Quaboag; and he had settled at Hadley before the Quaboag massacre in 1675. He returned to Ipswich in 1678.

Daniel Hovey married, about 1641, Abigail Andrews, who died June 24, 1665, daughter of Robert and Elizabeth Andrews of Ipswich. They had a son, *Joseph*, of whom further.

(Daniel Hovey Association: "The Hovey Book," pp. 5-6, 9-15. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 242. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 470.)

*II.* Joseph Hovey, son of Daniel and Abigail (Andrews) Hovey, was born in 1653 in Ipswich, Massachusetts, and died in the summer of 1693 in Milton, Massachusetts. He lived at Hadley, Massachusetts, until 1690 when he removed to Milton. Administration on his estate was granted to his brother, John Hovey, Sr., of Topsfield, on June 9, 1693.

Joseph Hovey married, May 31, 1677, Hannah Pratt, daughter of Richard and Mary Pratt of Malden. The fifth of their seven children was a son, *Caleb* (1), of whom further.

(Daniel Hovey Association: "The Hovey Book," p. 31. Lucius R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," p. 589. Sylvester Judd: "History of Hadley, Massachusetts," p. 72. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 470.)

*III. Caleb (1) Hovey*, son of Joseph and Hannah (Pratt) Hovey, was born June 4, 1687, in Hadley, Massachusetts, and died in Newton, Massachusetts, before February 3, 1745, when his son Caleb (2) was appointed administrator of his estate. Caleb (1) Hovey lived in Cambridge, Massachusetts, until 1730, when he removed to Newton.

Caleb (1) Hovey married, June 4, 1713, in Brookline, Massachusetts, Mary Winchester. (Winchester III.) Third among their six children was a son, *Caleb (2)*, of whom further.

(Daniel Hovey Association: "The Hovey Book," pp. 78-79. L. R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," p. 590. Fanny Winchester Hotchkiss: "Winchester Notes," p. 287. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 207. "Vital Records of Brookline, Massachusetts," pp. 77, 169.)

*IV. Caleb (2) Hovey*, son of Caleb (1) and Mary (Winchester) Hovey, was born December 21, 1717, in Cambridge, Massachusetts, and died October 12, 1759, while on military service at Fort Cumberland, Maryland. He was a farmer and resided at Newton, Massachusetts. He enlisted as a soldier in the French and Indian Wars in 1759 and at that time wrote the following will:

"this Being my Last will and Desire if I Should not Return I Do here By giue unto you my Wife the Improuement of my Estate Dureing my widdow and if you marry your thirds and that all my Children Should Share Eqail of my Estate and Joseph Emery with them

as witness my hand  
Caleb Houey

Ebenezer Elliott  
Henry Seger"

Caleb (2) Hovey married, June 2, 1737, Margaret Elliot. (Elliot III.) Fourth among their five children was a son, *Moses*, of whom further.

(Daniel Hovey Association: "The Hovey Book," pp. 140-42. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 373. "Vital Records of Newton, Massachusetts," pp. 312, 465.)

*V. Sergeant Moses Hovey*, son of Caleb (2) and Margaret (Elliot) Hovey, was born May 11, 1753, in Newton, Massachusetts, and died November 19, 1805, in West Cambridge (now Arlington), Massachusetts. He was a victualer and resided in West Cambridge. On May 10, 1774, he bought, for £50, his brother Ebenezer's interest in their father's homestead. He served as a sergeant in Captain Benjamin Locke's company, Lieutenant Colonel William Bond's regiment, in 1775.

Sergeant Moses Hovey married, March 11, 1776, Love Prentice. (Prentice V.) The fourth of their five children was a daughter, *Hannah*, of whom further.

(Daniel Hovey Association: "The Hovey Book," pp. 204-05. "Middlesex Registry of Deeds," Book 76, p. 322. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 209. "Vital Records of Newton, Massachusetts," p. 103. "Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors in the Revolutionary War," Vol. VIII, p. 323.)

*VI. Hannah Hovey*, daughter of Sergeant Moses and Love (Prentice) Hovey, was born June 25, 1794, in West Cambridge (now Arlington), Massachusetts, and died October 27, 1869, in Waltham, Massachusetts.

She married Zechariah (4) Hill. (Hill VII.)

(Daniel Hovey Association: "The Hovey Book," p. 205.)

## (THE PRENTICE LINE)

The surname Prentice, and its variants Prentis and Prentiss, are of occupational origin, being a familiar form of "the apprentice."

(C. W. Bardsley: "A Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

*I. Henry Prentice*, founder of his family in America, was born in England and died June 9, 1654, in Cambridge, Massachusetts. He was a planter of Cambridge by 1643 and a member of the First Church there. He was admitted a freeman of Cambridge May 22, 1650. He was one of the original proprietors of Sudbury, Massachusetts.

Henry Prentice married (first) Elizabeth, whose surname has not been found and who died May 13, 1643, in Cambridge. He married (second) Joan, whose surname is not known and who married, as her second husband, July 24, 1662, John Gibson. The second of the six children of the second marriage was a son, *Solomon (1)*, of whom further.

(C. J. F. Binney: "The History and Genealogy of the Prentice or Prentiss Family in New England," 1883, pp. 2-3. William Kelly Prentice: "Eight Generations," 1947, pp. 11-18. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, p. 478. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 372.)

*II. Solomon (1) Prentice*, son of Henry and Joan Prentice, was born September 23, 1646, in Cambridge, Massachusetts, and died there July 24, 1719. He lived at Cambridge and left a large estate. He was a brickmaker and was admitted a freeman of Cambridge, February 2, 1681. He served in King Philip's War under Captain Joseph Sill in 1675-1676.

Solomon (1) Prentice married (first) Elizabeth, whose surname has not been found and who died before 1678. He married (second) Hepzibah Dunn, or Dunton, who was born about 1652 and died January 15, 1742. The eldest of his nine children was a son, *Solomon (2)*, of whom further.

(C. J. F. Binney: "The History and Genealogy of the Prentice or Prentiss Family in New England," pp. 3, 4. W. K. Prentice: "Eight Generations," pp. 21-22. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, p. 479. Society of Colonial Wars: "A First Supplement to the Index of Ancestors and Roll of Members," 1941, p. 206.)

*III. Solomon (2) Prentice*, son of Solomon (1) Prentice, was born June 7, 1674, died June 25, 1758, and was buried in Cambridge, Massachusetts. He resided in Cambridge and was admitted to the church there in 1710 and his wife in 1697.

Solomon (2) Prentice married Lydia, whose surname is not known. She was born about 1677, died April 25, 1758, and was buried in Cambridge. The sixth of their ten children was a son, *Ebenezer*, of whom further.

(C. J. F. Binney: "The History and Genealogy of the Prentice or Prentiss Family in New England," pp. 4, 5.)

*IV. Ebenezer Prentice*, son of Solomon (2) and Lydia Prentice, was born May 29 and baptized June 1, 1712, and died in Menotomy (now Arlington), Massachusetts, August 30, 1790. He settled in Menotomy and was a housewright. He and his wife were original members of the First Congregational Church of Menotomy.

Ebenezer Prentice married, August 21, 1735, in Charlestown, Massachusetts, Sarah Pierce. (Pierce IV.) Among their ten children the youngest was a daughter, *Love*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 5, 14-15. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 570; Vol. II, p. 314.)

*V. Love Prentice*, daughter of Ebenezer and Sarah (Pierce) Prentice, was born March 22, 1755, and died May 9, 1824, in West Cambridge, Massachusetts.

She married Sergeant Moses Hovey (Hovey V.)

(C. J. F. Binney: "The History and Genealogy of the Prentice or Prentiss Family in New England," p. 15.)

#### (THE PIERCE LINE)

Pierce, Pears, Pearse, Peers, and Piers are a few of the many forms of the baptismal name which means "the son of Peter." In England the name Peter, and with it Piers, lost in popularity after the Reformation. Various forms of the name were widely used at a period when surnames were becoming hereditary.

(C. W. Bardsley: "A Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

*I. Thomas Pierce*, emigrant ancestor of this branch of the family, was born in England in 1583-4, and died October 7, 1666. He brought his family with him from England and settled in Charlestown, Massachusetts. He was admitted a freeman, May 6, 1635, and on September 27, 1642, was included among twenty-one commissioners appointed by the Great and General Court "to see that Saltpetre heaps were made by all the farmers of the colony." In his will, dated November 6, 1665, and proved March 22, 1666/7, he left twenty shillings to Harvard College.

Thomas Pierce married Elizabeth, whose surname has not been found. She was born in England in 1595-6 and survived her husband. They had a son, *Samuel*, of whom further.

(F. B. Pierce: "Pierce Genealogy," pp. 17-18. William Richard Cutter: "Genealogical and Personal Memoirs relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," Vol. III, p. 1477. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, p. 431. Thomas Bellows Wyman: "The Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 756.)

*II. Samuel Pierce*, son of Thomas and Elizabeth Pierce, died in Charlestown, Massachusetts, between September 8, 1678, the date his will was signed, and October 17, 1678, when it was probated. He was admitted to the church of Charlestown on December 5, 1669, and his wife on March 27, 1670.

Samuel Pierce married Mary, whose surname is not known. She was born about 1629 and died of small pox, January 17, 1705/6. The seventh of their twelve children was a son, *John*, of whom further.

(W. R. Cutter: "Genealogical and Personal Memoirs relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," Vol. III, p. 1477. T. B. Wyman: "The Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 756.)

*III. John Pierce*, son of Samuel and Mary Pierce, was born about 1664, was baptized November 16, 1669-70, at Charlestown, Massachusetts, and died there September 28, 1716.

He married, February 4, 1691/2, Elizabeth Mudge. (Mudge III.) One of their ten children was a daughter, *Sarah*, of whom further.

(T. B. Wyman: "The Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown, Massachusetts," Vol. II, pp. 756, 758.)

*IV. Sarah Pierce*, daughter of John and Elizabeth (Mudge) Pierce, was born October 29 or November 4, 1711, in Charlestown, Massachusetts, and died November 10, 1772.

She married Ebenezer Prentice. (Prentice IV.)

(*Ibid.*, Vol. II, pp. 758-59. C. J. F. Binney: "The History and Genealogy of the Prentice or Prentiss Family in New England," pp. 14-15.)

(THE MUDGE LINE)

The surname Mudge is given in a list of Teutonic family names derived from courage, vigor, and spirit. The Anglo-Saxon form was Mod, from the word Modig, courageous. Another ancient spelling was Mugge.

(Alfred Mudge: "Memorials Being a Genealogical, Biographical and Historical Account of the Name of Mudge in America," pp. xii-xiii.)

*I. Thomas Mudge*, founder of his family in America, was born in Devonshire, England, about 1624, and died at Malden, Massachusetts. He was listed as a resident of Malden before 1655. On October 6, 1657, he and his wife, Mary, were witnesses in the court at Malden in a case of assault, and, again, December 28, 1658, they appeared as witnesses, stating that their ages were thirty-four and thirty-two respectively.

Thomas Mudge married, in England, Mary, whose surname has not been found, and who was born about 1628. The fifth of their eight children was a son, *George*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 77, 181. "Biographical and Family History Sketch of Claire R. Mudge," p. 6. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, p. 252. William Richard Cutter: "Genealogies and Personal Memoirs relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," Vol. III, p. 1519.)

*II. George Mudge*, son of Thomas and Mary Mudge, was born in 1656, in Malden, Massachusetts, and died there September 25, 1685. He was a Narragansett soldier in 1675.

George Mudge married, May 27, 1673, Elizabeth Shippie, who was born about 1648 and died in 1677-8, daughter of Thomas Shippie, who was born about 1620 and died October 17, 1683, and his wife, Grace Shippie, who was born about 1628 and died July 31, 1696. The elder of their two children was a daughter, *Elizabeth*, of whom further.

(A. Mudge: "Memorials Being a Genealogical, Biographical and Historical Account of the Name of Mudge in America," pp. 77, 181. "Biographical and Family History Sketch of Claire R. Mudge," p. 6. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, p. 252. W. R. Cutter: "Genealogies and Personal Memoirs relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," Vol. III, p. 1519. Thomas Bellows Wyman: "The Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown, Massachusetts," Vol. II, pp. 693, 863.)

*III. Elizabeth Mudge*, daughter of George and Elizabeth (Shippie) Mudge, was born March 12, 1674, and was baptized June 9, 1691. She survived her husband, and had been admitted to the church of Cambridge on August 21, 1715.

Elizabeth Mudge married John Pierce. (Pierce III.)

(T. B. Wyman: "The Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown, Massachusetts," Vol. II, pp. 693, 758.)

(THE ELLIOT LINE)

Elliot, Elliott, Eliott and Eliot are variant spellings of this surname of baptismal origin. It denoted "the son of Elias," from the Old French Elye with the diminutive suffix -ot.

(C. W. Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames." H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom.")

*I.* *Daniel Elliot*, first of this line to be of definite record, resided in Sudbury, or Marlborough, and later in Salem Village, all in Massachusetts, before settling in Framingham in the same colony in 1693. In 1713 he removed to Oxford, also in Massachusetts, and on January 25 of the following year it was voted by that town that he should build a grist mill which he did in 1715. He also kept a tavern for a year. He soon relinquished the mill to his sons Ebenezer and James, and before March, 1720, removed to Sutton, Massachusetts.

*Daniel Elliot* married in 1686, Hannah Cloyes. (Cloyes III.) Among their eight children, all sons, was *Ebenezer*, of whom further.

(James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of Nw England," Vol. II, p. 108. Josiah H. Temple: "History of Framingham, Massachusetts," 1887, p. 541. George F. Daniels: "History of the Town of Oxford, Massachusetts," 1892, pp. 28, 36, 189, 496-97.)

*II.* *Ebenezer Elliot*, son of Daniel and Hannah (Cloyes) Elliot, was born in Framingham, March 3, 1693. He removed with his father to Oxford where, with his brother Jonathan, he operated the former's grist mill for a short time. He was voted an inhabitant of Oxford on March 2, 1714, but by March 1, 1717/8, he had settled in Newton, Massachusetts.

*Ebenezer Elliot* married by intentions dated October 15, 1716, Margaret Segar, who was born in Newton, August 22, 1692, and died December 7, 1752. She was a daughter of Henry and Sarah (Bishop) Segar who were married in Newton, April 19, 1671. Henry Segar died there August 24, 1724. Among the three children of Ebenezer and Margaret (Segar) Elliot the eldest was a daughter, *Margaret*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.* "Vital Records of Oxford, Massachusetts, to the End of the Year 1849," p. 163. "Vital Records of Framingham, Massachusetts, to the Year 1850," p. 70. Francis Jackson: "A History of the Early Settlement of Newton," 1854, pp. 276, 403-04. "Vital Records of Newton, Massachusetts, to the Year 1850," pp. 61, 172, 372, 444, 449. J. Bishop: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, p. 44.)

*III.* *Margaret Elliot*, daughter of Ebenezer and Margaret (Segar) Elliot, was born in Newton, March 1, 1717/8, and died April 15, 1795.

She married Caleb (2) Hovey. (Hovey IV.)

("Vital Records of Newton, Massachusetts, to the Year 1850," pp. 61, 312, 465. Daniel Hovey Association: "The Hovey Book," pp. 140-42.)

#### (THE CLOYES LINE)

The origin of the surname Cloyes cannot be found in the various authorities on the subject. It is spelled variously as Cloyes, Cloyse, Cloyce, Clayes, Clayse and Clarse in early records.

(Henry Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," 1860, p. 162. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, p. 412.)

*I.* *John Cloyes*, earliest recorded ancestor of this line, is supposed to have been killed by Indians at Falmouth, Maine, in 1676. He was at Watertown, Massachusetts, by 1638,

and was admitted a freeman there in 1652. He had removed to Charlestown, Massachusetts, by May 3, 1656, when he and his second wife sold his barn and land in Watertown, his house having burned. In 1660 he sold his land in Charlestown and thereafter settled in Falmouth on the west side of the Presumpscot River. By occupation he was a mariner.

John Cloyes married (first), Abigail, whose surname is not known, and who died before May 3, 1656. He married (second), Jane, whose surname is also unknown. Among the five children of the first marriage was a son, *Peter*, of whom further.

(James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, p. 411. H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," pp. 162, 743. Haydn Samuel Cole: "Haydn Samuel Cole and His Ancestry," 1935, p. 57.)

*II. Peter Cloyes*, son of John and Abigail Cloyes, was born in Watertown, May 27, 1639/40, and died in Framingham, Massachusetts, July 18, 1708. He settled for a time in Wells, Maine, but removed to Salem Village, now Danvers, Massachusetts, about 1678, and was a founding member of the church there, November 19, 1689. His second wife was accused of witchcraft there in the spring of 1692. She was imprisoned, tried and condemned to death, but escaped from the jail at Ipswich before the day set for her execution. In 1693 he finally settled in Framingham where he took a prominent part in organizing the town, serving on the first board of selectmen and as town treasurer. He was also an original member of the first church there.

Peter Cloyes married (first), about 1663, Anne or Hannah Littlefield. (Littlefield III.) He married (second), in 1682, Sarah (Towne) Bridges, who was born in 1638 and died in 1703, a daughter of William Towne and widow of Edmund Bridges. Peter Cloyes married (third), in Framingham, January 2, 1704/5, Susanna (Harrington-Cutting) Beers, who was born August 18, 1649, a daughter of Robert and Susanna Harrington, and widow of John Cutting and of Eliezer Beers. A daughter of the first marriage was *Hannah*, of whom further.

(J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, pp. 411, 412. H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," pp. 162, 273, 786. Josiah H. Temple: "History of Framingham, Massachusetts," 1887, p. 507. H. S. Cole: "Haydn Samuel Cole and His Ancestry," pp. 57, 59. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. LXVII, p. 348.)

*III. Hannah Cloyes*, daughter of Peter and Anne or Hannah (Littlefield) Cloyes, was baptized in 1665.

She married Daniel Elliot. (Elliot I.)

(J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 108. J. H. Temple: "History of Framingham, Massachusetts," p. 507. H. S. Cole: "Haydn Samuel Cole and His Ancestry," p. 59.)

#### (THE LITTLEFIELD LINE)

The surname Littlefield is of local origin, denoting either residence in a hundred so called in the county of Kent or one who resided at a "little field."

(H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom.")

*I. Francis Littlefield*, first recorded ancestor of this line, was born probably about 1565, and was buried in Titchfield, Hampshire, England, October 22, 1618. He was a clothier residing in Titchfield and left a good estate.

Francis Littlefield married (first), Mary, whose surname is not known and who was buried in Titchfield, October 29, 1605. He married (second), at Titchfield, July 14, 1606, Annis Wigg, a widow. The eldest of his five children by the first marriage was a son, *Edmund*, of whom further.

(“New England Historical and Genealogical Register,” Vol. LXVII, pp. 346-47.)

*II. Edmund Littlefield*, son of Francis and Mary Littlefield, was baptized at Titchfield, June 27, 1592, and died at Wells, Maine, between December 11 and 24, 1661, the dates of his will and inventory. He is believed to have come to America with the Reverend John Wheelwright, landing at Boston, May 26, 1636, and resided in Exeter, New Hampshire, from 1638 to 1641. In the former year his wife and six of their children followed him in the ship “Bevis.” In 1641 he was one of the first settlers of Wells and took a prominent part in organizing the new town. He was appointed by the governor of Massachusetts as agent for the sale of liquors in Wells, and was one of the committee to determine the boundary between Wells and Cape Porpoise. In 1645 he was a grand juror, and in 1654, 1655, 1658, 1660 and 1661, was elected to try small cases. He operated a mill and is said to have been the richest man of his time in Wells, leaving an estate inventoried at £588. 13s. 6d.

Edmund Littlefield married in Titchfield, October 16, 1614, Agnes, Anne or Annis Austin, who was probably baptized there, February 1, 1596/7, and died in Wells in 1677 or 1678, daughter of Richard Austin of Titchfield. Among their ten children the ninth was a daughter, *Anne*, or *Hannah*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 347-48. Haydn Samuel Cole: “Haydn Samuel Cole and His Ancestry,” 1935, pp. 57-59. George Thomas Little: “Genealogical and Family History of the State of Maine,” Vol. I, p. 101.)

*III. Anne, or Hannah Littlefield*, daughter of Edmund and Agnes, Anne or Annis (Austin) Littlefield, was baptized at Titchfield, August 10, 1633.

She married Peter Cloyes. (Cloyes II.)

(*Ibid.*)

#### (THE WINCHESTER LINE)

The surname Winchester is of local origin, derived from residence in or near the city of that name in Hampshire, England.

(H. Harrison: “Surnames of the United Kingdom.”)

*I. John Winchester*, founder of this family in America, was born about 1616 and died April 25, 1694. He is believed to have belonged to the Winchester family of the county of Kent, but his home in England is not definitely known. He sailed from London in the ship “Elizabeth,” April 6, 1635, and settled first in Hingham, Massachusetts, where he was allotted five acres of farm land on July 3, 1636. He joined the First Church in Boston in the same year, was made freeman, March 9, 1636/7, and became a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston in 1638. About 1650 he removed to Muddy

River, now Brookline, Massachusetts, where he was surveyor in 1664, 1669 and 1670, constable in 1672 and 1673, and tithingman in 1680. On June 30, 1674, with his wife and several other members of his family he joined the church at Roxbury.

John Winchester married in Scituate, Massachusetts, October 15, 1638, Hannah Sealis, who died in Muddy River, September 18, 1697, daughter of Deacon Richard Sealis, of Scituate. Among their four children the youngest was a son, *Josiah*, of whom further.

(Fanny Winchester Hotchkiss: "Winchester Notes," 1912, pp. 3-5, 277. William Richard Cutter: "Genealogical and Personal Memoirs Relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," 1908, Vol. II, pp. 825-26.)

*II. Josiah Winchester*, son of John and Hannah (Sealis) Winchester, was born March 27, 1655, baptized May 20 following, and died February 22, 1728. He served variously as tithingman, selectman, grand juror, town treasurer and town clerk and was a deputy to the General Court in 1711, 1713 and 1717.

Josiah Winchester married, December 10, 1678, Mary Lyon, who was born November 4, 1650, a daughter of Peter Lyon, a weaver, of Dorchester, Massachusetts. She died July 27, 1730. A daughter of this marriage was *Mary*, of whom further.

(F. W. Hotchkiss: "Winchester Notes," pp. 3-5, 277. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," 1900, p. 297.)

*III. Mary Winchester*, daughter of Josiah and Mary (Lyon) Winchester, was baptized in Brookline, Massachusetts, September 20, 1685.

She married Caleb (1) Hovey. (Hovey III.)

(F. W. Hotchkiss: "Winchester Notes," p. 287. "Vital Records of Brookline, Massachusetts," pp. 77, 169.)

#### (THE CUTTER LINE)

Cutter is a surname of occupational derivation, according to one belief, and originally denoted one whose trade was cutting cloth. A secondary possible derivation is suggested by the rare Anglo-Saxon personal name Cuthere, meaning "famous army."

(H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom.")

*I. Elizabeth Cutter*, a widow, first of this line to be of definite record, was born near Newcastle-upon-Tyne in England about 1574, and died at the home of her son-in-law, Elijah Corlet, in Cambridge, Massachusetts, January 10, 1663/4. In a relation made before the church she was styled "Old Goodwife Cutter." She stated therein that she "knew not" her father, but that her mother sent her, when old enough, to a "godly family" in Newcastle. After remaining seven years she entered another family where religious privileges were less. After the death of her husband she was sent to Cambridge, Massachusetts, coming in a time of sickness and through many troubles by sea. Her will, dated February 16, 1662/3, left her property to her daughter Barbara, wife of Elijah Corlet. She had a son, *Richard*, of whom further.

(Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," 1900, p. 127. William Richard Cutter: "New England Families Genealogical and Memorial," 1914, Vol. II, p. 719.)

*II. Richard Cutter*, son of Elizabeth Cutter, was born, probably in England, about 1621, and died June 16, 1693. In a relation it is stated that his parents brought him up in

the fear of the Lord, but that though he had no opposition of heart against them he came to New England. He was settled in Cambridge, Massachusetts, by June 2, 1641, when he was admitted a freeman. He was one of the first to build in that part of the town called Menotomy, now Arlington, and his house was fortified with flankers as a defense against the Indians. In 1643 he was a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston.

Richard Cutter married (first), about 1644, Elizabeth Williams, (Williams—Family in America II.) He married (second), February 14, 1663, Frances (Perriman) Amsden, who died before July 10, 1728, widow of Isaac Amsden. The fourth among seven children by the first marriage was a son, *William*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.* James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, pp. 495-96.)

*III. William Cutter*, son of Richard and Elizabeth (Williams) Cutter, was born February 22, 1649/50, and died in Cambridge, April 1, 1723. He married Rebecca Rolfe, who was born February 9, 1662, and died November 13, 1751, a daughter of John and Mary (Scullard) Rolfe, who were married December 4, 1656, and probably granddaughter of Henry Rolfe, of Wiltshire, England. Rebecca (Rolfe) Cutter married (second), John Whitmore, of Medford.

Among the ten children of William and Rebecca (Rolfe) Cutter were a son, *John*, of whom further, and a daughter, *Rebecca*, who was born January 18, 1692/3, died January 12, 1717/8, and married Joseph (2) Adams. (Adams III.)

(C. H. Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 127. W. R. Cutter: "New England Families Genealogical and Memorial," Vol. II, pp. 719-20. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, pp. 495, 496; Vol. III, p. 571. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 448. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," p. 123.)

*IV. Deacon John Cutter*, son of William and Rebecca (Rolfe) Cutter, was born October 15, 1690, died January 21, 1776, and was buried in Arlington, Massachusetts, where his tombstone reads as follows:

In Memory of  
Deacon John Cutter  
Who died Jan. 21, 1776, aged 86,  
and 37th year of his office.  
An honest man, ye noblest work of God.  
His surviving children 8.  
Grandchildren 68,  
Great grandchildren 115,  
Of the fifth generation 3.

He resided in Arlington where he and his wife were among the founders of the church. With Captain Ephraim (2) Frost he was one of a group of nine serving as a "Vigilance Committee of the Church." He was made a deacon in 1739.

Deacon John Cutter married Lydia Harrington. (Harrington III.) Among their eleven children was a daughter, *Rebecca*, of whom further.

(W. R. Cutter: "New England Families Genealogical and Memorial," Vol. II, p. 720. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, p. 496. Benjamin and William Richard Cutter: "A History of the Cutter Family of New England," 1871, p. 42. Lucius R. Paige: "History of Cambridge," p. 522.)

*V. Rebecca Cutter*, daughter of Deacon John and Lydia (Harrington) Cutter, was born July 13, 1712, and died February 1, 1797.

She married (first), Zechariah (1) Hill (Hill IV), and (second), Captain Samuel Carter of Woburn.

(B. and W. R. Cutter: "A History of the Cutter Family of New England," p. 44. Thomas Bellows Wyman: "The Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown," 1879, pp. 260-61.)

#### (THE HARRINGTON LINE)

The surname Harrington, or Herrington, as it is sometimes spelled, is of local origin. Places so called are to be found in the English counties of Lincoln, Northampton and Cumberland. The place-name, in its turn, was derived from an Anglo-Saxon form meaning the "manor of the Her(e) family." Ricardus de Heryngton was of record in 1379.

(H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom." C. W. Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

*I. Robert Harrington*, progenitor of this family in America, was born about 1616, and died May 11 or 17, 1707. He was a proprietor of Watertown, Massachusetts, in 1642, and took the oath of fidelity ten years later. On May 27, 1663, he was admitted a freeman. From 1679 to 1700 he was a selectman. He owned a mill and over six hundred and forty acres of land, the inventory of his estate amounting to seven hundred and seventeen pounds.

Robert Harrington married October 1, 1648 or 1649, Susanna George, who was born in 1632 and died July 6, 1694, daughter of John George, of Watertown, who died between June 12 and 29, 1647. Second among their thirteen children was a son, *John*, of whom further.

(Henry Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," 1860, pp. 272-73, 774, 786. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, pp. 242, 359-60. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," 1900, pp. 184, 214.)

*II. John Harrington*, son of Robert and Susanna (George) Harrington, was born August 24, 1651, and died August 24, 1741. He served in the Watertown military company in King Philip's War, and at Northfield on September 4, 1675, he was wounded twice. He subsequently removed to Waltham, Massachusetts, where he died.

John Harrington married, November 17, 1681, Hannah Winter, who died July 17, 1741, daughter of John (2) Winter, of Cambridge Farms, now Lexington, Massachusetts, and granddaughter of John (1) Winter, of Watertown. The latter, who was born about 1572, and died in Watertown, April 14 or 21, 1662, was a tanner and a proprietor of Watertown in 1636-7. John (2) Winter, who was born about 1634 and died in 1690, also served in King Philip's War.

Among the twelve children of John and Hannah (Winter) Harrington, the fourth was a daughter, *Lydia*, of whom further.

(H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," pp. 273-74, 656. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 359. C. H. Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," pp. 214, 508. Society of Colonial Wars, "First Supplement to Index of Ancestors, 1941," pp. 118, 291.)

*III. Lydia Harrington*, daughter of John and Hannah (Winter) Harrington, was baptized March 2, 1689/90, and died January 7, 1755.

She married Deacon John Cutter. (Cutter IV.)

(H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," p. 273. William Richard Cutter: "New England Families Genealogical and Memorial," 1914, Vol. II, p. 720.)

#### (THE WILLIAMS LINE)

Williams is a surname of baptismal origin, meaning "son of William." It is third in popularity among the surnames of England and Wales. Variant spellings include Williamson, Willyams and William.

(C. W. Bardsley: "A Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames." M. A. Lower: "Patronymica Britannica.")

#### (THE FAMILY IN ENGLAND)

*I. Robert (1) Williams*, first of this line to be of definite record, died about 1606-09 in West Somerton, Norfolk, England. He had a son, *Stephen*, of whom further.

(Edward H. Williams, Jr.: "Robert Williams of Roxbury, Massachusetts, and His Descendants," 1891, p. 13.)

*II. Stephen Williams*, son of Robert (1) Williams, died in 1625. He married in Great Yarmouth, England, September 22, 1605, Margaret Cooke, who died in 1625, daughter of Nicholas and Winifred (Webster) Cooke, of Northrepps, Norfolk. They had a son, *Robert (2)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, p. 16.)

#### (THE FAMILY IN AMERICA)

*I. Robert (2) Williams*, son of Stephen and Margaret (Cooke) Williams, was baptized at Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, England, December 11, 1608, and died in Roxbury, Massachusetts, September 1, 1693. He was Warden of the Guild of Cordwainers and Sealers of Leather for the City of Norwich, Norfolk, in 1635. He arrived at Boston, Massachusetts, in 1637, and on May 2, 1638, was admitted a freeman at Roxbury. In 1644 he was a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston. He served as a selectman in Roxbury in 1647 and 1653, and was also town clerk, and in 1662, a trustee of the Free School Fund.

Robert (2) Williams married (first), Elizabeth Stratton, or Stalham, who died in 1674. He married (second), November 3, 1675, Margaret, widow of John Fearing, of Hingham, and (third), probably, Martha Strong, who was born about 1613, and died December 22, 1704. A child of the first marriage was *Elizabeth*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, p. 149. Alexander Hamilton Wright: "Descendants of Veach Williams," 1887. "American Ancestry," Vol. IV, p. 12. Thomas W. Seward: "The Williams Family," 1882. A. D. W. French: "The Surnames and Coats of Arms of the Williams," p. 20. "Roxbury Church Records—Sixth Report of the Record Commissioners," pp. 181-82. "Vital Records of Roxbury, Massachusetts, to the Year 1850." James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, p. 566. Society of Colonial Wars, "First Supplement to Index of Ancestors, 1941," p. 288.)

*II. Elizabeth Williams*, daughter of Robert (2) and Elizabeth (Stratton, or Stalham) Williams, died March 5, 1661/2.

She married Richard Cutter. (Cutter II.)

(William Richard Cutter: "New England Families Genealogical and Memorial," 1914, Vol. II, p. 719. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, p. 495.)

#### (THE LOCKE LINE)

The surname Lock, or Locke is of local origin, meaning "a dweller by an enclosure or confine," such as a sheepfold, stronghold, or lockup.

(H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom.")

*I. Deacon William (1) Locke*, progenitor of his family in America, was born December 13, 1628, at Stepney Parish, London, England, and died June 16, 1720, aged ninety-one years and six months, at Woburn, Massachusetts. He came to America at the age of six years on the "Planter," which sailed for New England on March 22, 1634/5, with Nicholas Davis and his family. Where he lived during his minority is unknown, but he made his first purchase of land in Woburn about 1650. In 1671 he was on a committee to settle the bounds and also to lay out lands. He was surveyor of fences there in 1675, 1676, and 1678, and in 1677 was chosen constable. He was again constable in 1701, selectman from 1686 through 1696, and grand juror to the supreme court in 1695. He was a member of the church of Woburn and for many years a deacon there. He was a surgeon with the Massachusetts forces on the Mount Hope campaign in King Philip's War.

Deacon William (1) Locke married, November 27, 1655, in Woburn, Mary Clarke, who was born at Watertown, Massachusetts, December 20, 1640, and died at Woburn on July 18, 1715, daughter of William and Margery Clarke. The second of their nine children was a son, *William (2)*, of whom further.

(John Goodwin Locke: "Book of the Lockes," p. 16. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, p. 103. Samuel Sewall: "History of Woburn, Massachusetts," pp. 625-26. "Woburn Births, Deaths, and Marriages," Vol. II, p. 114; Vol. III, p. 166. Society of Colonial Wars: "An Index of Ancestors and Roll of Members," p. 303.)

*II. Deacon William (2) Locke*, son of Deacon William (1) and Mary (Clarke) Locke, was born January 18, 1659, at Woburn, Massachusetts, and died July 8, 1738. In 1689 he owned a "hous" in the western part of Woburn which is now Lexington. He was a deacon of the church in Woburn in 1709, and served as a selectman in 1703-1704 and 1732.

Deacon William (2) Locke married (first), May 29, 1683, Sarah Whittemore, who was born March 7, 1662, and baptized March 30 following, daughter of Francis and Isabel, or Isabella (Parks) Whittemore, of Cambridge, who were married about 1648. Francis Whittemore, who was born about 1623-25, and died October 12, 1685, was a tailor by trade and a proprietor at Cambridge in 1648. He was admitted a freeman, May 3, 1654. Isabel, or Isabella, his first wife, died March 31, 1665, and he married (second), November 10, 1666, Margaret Harty. Deacon William (2) Locke married (second), June 8, 1698, Abigail Hayward, who died in 1748 or 1749. The second of the five children by the first marriage was a son, *Francis*, of whom further.

(J. G. Locke: "Book of the Lockes," pp. 16-17. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, pp. 103-04. S. Sewall: "History of Woburn, Massachusetts," p. 626. "Woburn Births, Deaths, and Marriages," Vol. I, p. 153; Vol. II, p. 114; Vol. III, p. 166. Jessie Whitmore Patten Purdy: "The Whitmore Genealogy," p. 13. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," 1900, p. 494. Henry Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," 1860, p. 967.)

*III. Francis Locke*, son of Deacon William (2) and Sarah (Whittemore) Locke, was born July 25, 1690, at Woburn, Massachusetts, and died September 3, 1770. He resided first in Medford, Massachusetts, but in 1718 he was "of Woburn." In 1719 he removed to "Foot of the Rocks," West Cambridge, Massachusetts, having bought land there of Edward Winship of Lexington and Gershom Cutter, Jr., in August 1718. He, his wife Elizabeth, and daughter Elizabeth were original members of the church of West Cambridge when it was organized in 1739. He was a tanner and also kept a tavern. He served as precinct committeeman in 1746 and 1747 and as precinct assessor.

Francis Locke married (first), February 25, 1713, Elizabeth Winship. (Winship III.) He married (second), March 15, 1759, Martha (Russell) Dunster, who was born July 26, 1691, and died June 27, 1771, daughter of Joseph and Mary (Belcher) Russell and widow of Henry Dunster. The eldest of the six children by the first marriage was a son, *Samuel (1)*, of whom further.

(J. G. Locke: "Book of the Lockes," pp. 17, 24. William Richard Cutter: "History of Arlington," p. 268. "Woburn Births, Deaths, and Marriages," Vol. I, p. 153. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 245.)

*IV. Samuel (1) Locke*, son of Francis and Elizabeth (Winship) Locke, was born January 15, 1714, at Medford, Massachusetts, was baptized there February 7, 1714, and died of small pox on August 5, 1771. He was buried on his own lands at the rear of his house at the "Foot of the Rocks." In 1760 he bought of his father land at "Foot of the Rocks" with a dwelling for £26. 13s. 4d., and in December 1769 he bought of his father further land at the "Foot of the Rocks" for £141. 5s. 5d. He was admitted to the precinct church October 8, 1769.

Samuel (1) Locke married (first) Deborah Butterfield. (Butterfield IV.) He married (second), June 6, 1770, Mehitable (Chamberlain) Butterfield, widow of William Butterfield, brother of his first wife. The tenth of the fourteen children by the first marriage was a son, *Samuel (2)*, of whom further.

(J. G. Locke: "Book of the Lockes," pp. 24, 39. W. R. Cutter: "History of Arlington," pp. 268-69. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XLIV, p. 36. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 245.)

*V. Lieutenant Samuel (2) Locke*, son of Samuel (1) and Deborah (Butterfield) Locke, was born December 15, 1748, at West Cambridge, Massachusetts, and died there September 13, 1819. He resided in the southern part of West Cambridge and was an extensive farmer there. He was a sergeant in Captain William Adams' company, Colonel Thatcher's regiment of militia, which took possession of Dorchester Heights, March 4, 1776. He also served as a lieutenant in Captain John Walton's company on Noddle's Island in December 1776, and at Cambridge in May 1777. He was a selectman of Cambridge in 1789 and 1790; precinct clerk from 1789 to 1805; assessor of Cambridge from 1790 to 1805; precinct committeeman from 1791 to 1793; and precinct assessor from 1791 to 1793 and in 1795.

Lieutenant Samuel (2) Locke married, May 16, 1771, Margaret Adams. (Adams V.) The ninth of their fifteen children was a daughter, *Anna*, of whom further.

(J. G. Locke: "Book of the Lockes," pp. 39, 78. W. R. Cutter: "History of Arlington," p. 270. National Society Daughters of the American Revolution: "Lineage Book," Vol. XLIX, p. 76. "Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors in the Revolutionary War," Vol. IX, p. 904. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. II, p. 245.)

*VI. Anna Locke*, daughter of Lieutenant Samuel (2) and Margaret (Adams) Locke, was born February 3, 1783, in West Cambridge, Massachusetts, and died August 3, 1850, aged sixty-seven years.

She married Charles Wellington. (Wellington VI.)

(J. G. Locke: "Book of the Lockes," pp. 78, 164. W. R. Cutter: "History of Arlington," p. 270.)

#### (THE ADAMS LINE)

The surname Adams is of baptismal origin, meaning "the son of Adam." It was almost the principal font-name in the thirteenth century, and in the Hundred Rolls of 1273 are recorded John fil. Adam and Hugh fil. Adam of County Oxford, German Adam of County Cambridge, and Juliana Adams of County Huntington.

(C. W. Bardsley: "A Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

*I. John Adams*, thought to be the son of Henry Adams of Braintree, Massachusetts, was born in England about 1621 and died at Menotomy (now Arlington), Massachusetts, in August 1706. He settled in Menotomy in 1650 with his wife Anne and his eldest daughter Rebecca, and was a millwright. He was admitted a freeman in 1666. He served under Captain Thomas Prentice in King Philip's War.

John Adams married, in England, Anne, whose surname has not been found and who was living in 1714. Among their children was: *Joseph (I)*, of whom further.

(Henry Whittemore: "History of the Adams Family," pp. 44-45. "Putnam's Monthly Historical Magazine," 1896, Vol. IV, pp. 91-92. Thomas W. Baldwin: "Patten Genealogy," p. 21. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, pp. 11-12. William Richard Cutter: "Genealogical and Personal Memoirs relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," Vol. I, pp. 447-48. Society of Colonial Wars: "An Index of Ancestors and Roll of Members," p. 3.)

*II. Joseph (I) Adams*, son of John and Anne Adams, was born in 1664 in Menotomy (now Arlington), Massachusetts, and died there July 20, 1701. On September 4, 1697, he received from his father a deed to the Adams homestead in Menotomy.

Joseph (I) Adams married, February 21, 1687/8, Margaret Eames, who was born July 8, 1666, and was taken captive by the Indians, February 1, 1675/6, when her mother, brother and sisters were killed, but was subsequently redeemed. She married (second), December 27, 1705, Lieutenant Daniel Dean. She was a daughter of Thomas and Mary (Blanford-Paddlefoot) Eames, who were married in Cambridge in 1662, and a granddaughter of John Blanford, or Blandford, an original proprietor of Sudbury, Massachusetts. Thomas Eames, who was born in England about 1618, and died January 25, 1680/1, came to America as early as 1634, and served in the Pequot War in 1637. He was in Dedham, Massachusetts, in 1640, and resided in Medford, Cambridge and Sudbury, all in that colony, before settling in Framingham in 1669. After the incorporation of Sherborn he served as a selectman of that town. Following the death of his first wife, Margaret, he

married Mary (Blanford) Paddlefoot who was murdered by the Indians, February 1, 1675/6, daughter of John Blanford, or Blandford, and widow of Jonathan Paddlefoot. John Blanford, or Blandford, who was born about 1611 and died in 1687, came in the ship "Confidence" from Wiltshire, England, bringing his first wife, Mary, who died December 4, 1641. He was an original proprietor of Sudbury. Among the five children of Joseph (1) and Margaret (Eames) Adams were a son, *Joseph (2)*, of whom further, and a daughter, *Cherry*, who was baptized January 31, 1697, and died December 16, 1764. She married (first), Jonathan Stone (Stone—Family in America—IV.), and (second), Thomas Wellington. (Wellington III.) As her third husband, she married, August 9, 1763, Captain James Lane of Bedford.

(H. Whittemore: "History of the Adams Family," p. 45. "Putnam's Monthly Historical Magazine," 1896, Vol. IV, pp. 92-93. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, pp. 13-14, 197; Vol. II, p. 91; Vol. III, p. 328. W. R. Cutter: "Genealogical and Personal Memoirs relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 448. Josiah H. Temple: "History of Framingham, Massachusetts," 1887, p. 531.)

*III. Joseph (2) Adams*, son of Joseph (1) and Margaret (Eames) Adams, was born in 1688 in Menotomy (now Arlington), Massachusetts, and died there October 18, 1774. He was a weaver. He was assessor and selectman of Cambridge for five years between 1729 and 1738.

*Joseph (2) Adams* married (first), January 18, 1710/1, Rebecca Cutter. (Cutter III, Child 2.) He married (second), June 26, 1718, in Weston, Rachel Allen, who died August 1, 1775, aged eighty-five. The third of the four children by the first marriage was a son, *Joseph (3)*, of whom further.

(H. Whittemore: "History of the Adams Family," pp. 45-46. "Putnam's Monthly Historical Magazine," 1896, Vol. IV, pp. 93-94. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. I, pp. 12, 13, 14; Vol. II, pp. 11, 12, 448. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," p. 123.)

*IV. Deacon Joseph (3) Adams*, son of Joseph (2) and Rebecca (Cutter) Adams, was born July 3, 1713, at Menotomy (now Arlington), Massachusetts, and died there May 3, 1794. He was deacon of the church for many years and served as selectman for four years. "When her youngest child was eighteen days old, Mrs. Adams was driven from her home by the British troops on their return from Lexington and the house was set on fire, but the flames were extinguished before much damage resulted." However, the house was looted and the church silver taken.

*Deacon Joseph (3) Adams* married (first), January 10, 1739, in Cambridge, Martha Frost. (Frost IV.) He married (second), September 11, 1750, in Cambridge, Hannah Hall, who died August 13, 1803. A daughter by the first marriage was *Margaret*, of whom further.

(H. Whittemore: "History of the Adams Family," pp. 45-46. "Putnam's Monthly Historical Magazine," Vol. IV, pp. 94-96. W. R. Cutter: "Genealogical and Personal Memoirs relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 448. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. I, pp. 10-13; Vol. II, p. 11. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," pp. 53, 123.)

*V. Margaret Adams*, daughter of Deacon Joseph (3) and Martha (Frost) Adams, was born September 30, 1749, in Cambridge, Massachusetts, and died October 29, 1808. She married Lieutenant Samuel (2) Locke. (Locke V.)

("Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts," Vol. I, p. 12. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts," p. 53.)

## ANDREWS

*Arms*—Per saltire gules and or.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## EAMES

*Arms*—Argent, out of a fesse azure, a demi-lion rampant issuant gules.  
*Crest*—A lion rampant, sable.  
(Crozier: "General Armory.")

## LOCK (LOCKE)

*Arms*—Per fesse azure and or, in chief three falcons volant of the second.  
*Crest*—A hand proper holding up a cushion or.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## SILL

*Arms*—Argent, a fesse engrailed sable fretty or, in chief a lion passant gules.  
*Crest*—A demi-griffin proper, collared argent.  
*Motto*—*Tam fidus quam fixus.*  
(Matthews: "American Armoury.")

## LITTLEFIELD

*Arms*—Vert, on a chevron argent between three garbs or, as many boys' heads couped proper.  
*Crest*—On a garb or, a bird argent in the beak and ear of wheat vert.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## BELCHER

*Arms*—Paly of six or and gules, on a chevron argent three martlets sable.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## LONG

*Arms*—Sable semée of crosses crosslet a lion rampant argent within a bordure chequy or and gules.  
*Crest*—Out of a five-leaved coronet or, a demi-lion rampant argent.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## HARRINGTON

*Arms*—Sable, a fret argent.  
*Crest*—A lion's head erased or, collared gules.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## MUDGE

*Arms*—Argent, a chevron between three cockatoices gules.  
*Crest*—A cockatooe, as in the arms.  
*Motto*—*All's well.*  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## PIERCE

*Arms*—Argent, a fesse humetée gules between three ravens rising sable.

*Crest*—A dove with olive branch in the beak.

*Motto*—*Dixit et fecit.*

(F. B. Pierce: "Pierce Genealogy," p. 16. Matthews: "American Armoury and Blue Book." Arms used by the family.)

## WHITMORE (WHITTEMORE)

*Arms*—Argent, fretty sable.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## WINCHESTER

*Arms*—Gules, seven mascles pierced or.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## SPARHAWK

*Arms*—Azure, a fess or between three hawks.  
(Bolton: "American Armory.")

## SEGAR

*Arms*—Or, a chevron azure between three birds purpure.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## ROLFE

*Arms*—Argent, a raven sable.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## POULTER

*Arms*—Argent, two bendlets sable.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## HASTINGS

*Arms*—Or, three maunches gules.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## GREEN

*Arms*—Per chevron azure and gules, three bucks in full course or.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## HOMER

*Arms*—Argent, a crossbow unbent sable between four cocks gules.

*Crest*—A lion's gamb holding up a cross pattée.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")

## NORTON

*Arms*—Argent, a chevron gules between three tuns sable hooped or.

(Burke: "General Armory." Bolton: "American Armory.")

*Crest*—A griffin's head or.  
(Bolton: "American Armory.")

## MILLS

*Arms*—Paly of six argent and sable.

*Crest*—A demi-bear rampant sable muzzled, collared, and chained or.  
(Burke: "General Armory.")



## PRENTICE

*Arms*—Gyronny of eight azure and or, on a chief argent a fleur-de-lis between two crescents gules

*Crest*—An eagle displayed holding in the dexter claw a dagger, and in the sinister a pistol all proper.

(Burke: "General Armory." C. J. F. Binney: "The History of Genealogy of the Prentice or Prentiss Family in New England," p. 51.)

*Motto*—*Droit et avant.*

(C. J. F. Binney: "The History and Genealogy of the Prentice or Prentiss Family in New England.")

## ADAMS

*Arms*—Or, a lion rampant between six cross crosslets sable, within a bordure engrailed of the second.

(J. G. Bartlett: "Henry Adams of Somersetshire, Eng. and Braintree, Mass.," p. 21. Burke: "General Armory.")

## STONE

*Arms*—Argent, three cinquefoils sable, on a chief azure a sun in splendor or.

*Crest*—Out of a ducal coronet or, a griffin's head between two wings expanded gules bezantée. (Crozier: "General Armory.")

## BUCK

*Arms*—Lozengy or and sable, a bend gobony of the first and azure a canton ermine.

*Crest*—A buck's head couped proper. (Burke: "General Armory.")

## HAWKE

*Arms*—Argent, a chevron erminois between three flagstaves proper.

*Crest*—A falcon rising proper charged on the breast with a fleur-de-lis or.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## ELLIOT

*Arms*—Argent, a fesse gules between two bars gemelles wavy sable.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## PALGRAVE

*Arms*—Azure, a lion rampant argent.

*Crest*—A lion's head erased argent. (Burke: "General Armory.")

## MORSE

*Arms*—Argent, a battle-axe in pale gules between three pellets.

*Crest*—Two battle-axes in saltire proper banded with a chaplet of roses.

(Burke: "General Armory." Abner Morse: "Memorial of the Morses," frontispiece, pp. iv, v.)

*Motto*—*In Deo non armis fido.*

(A. Morse: "Memorial of the Morses," frontispiece, pp. iv, v.)

## FROST

*Arms*—Argent, a chevron sable between three pellets each charged with a trefoil or.

*Crest*—A trefoil between two wings all azure.

*Motto*—*E terra ad coelum.*

(Crozier: "General Armory.")

## PRATT

*Arms*—Argent, on a chevron sable between three pellets as many masques or.

*Crest*—A wolf's head erased quarterly argent and sable.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## WILLIAMS

*Arms*—Sable, a lion rampant argent, armed and langued gules.

*Crest*—A fighting cock.

*Motto*—*Cognosce occasionem.*

(Crozier: "General Armory.")

## BUTTERFIELD

*Arms*—Gules, a griffin segreant or.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## BARKER

*Arms*—Or, a bend between six billets sable.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## STEARNS

*Arms*—Or, a chevron between three crosses flory sable.

*Crest*—A cock starling proper.

(A. S. Van Wagenen: "Genealogy and Memoirs of Isaac Stearns and His Descendants.")

## CUTTER

*Arms*—Azure, three dragons' heads erased or, a chief argent.

*Crest*—A lion's head erased or, langued gules.

(B. and W. R. Cutter: "History of the Cutter Family," p. 367.)

## COOPER

*Arms*—Argent, a chevron sable between three doves proper.

*Crest*—A dove with an olive branch in its beak, all proper.

(Burke: "General Armory.")

## KIMBALL

*Arms*—Argent, a lion rampant gules, upon a chief sable, three crescents or.

*Crest*—A lion rampant, holding in the dexter paw a dagger, all proper.

*Motto*—*Fortis non ferox.*

(L. A. Morrison and S. P. Sharples: "History of the Kimball Family in America.")

## DANFORD

### (DANFORTH)

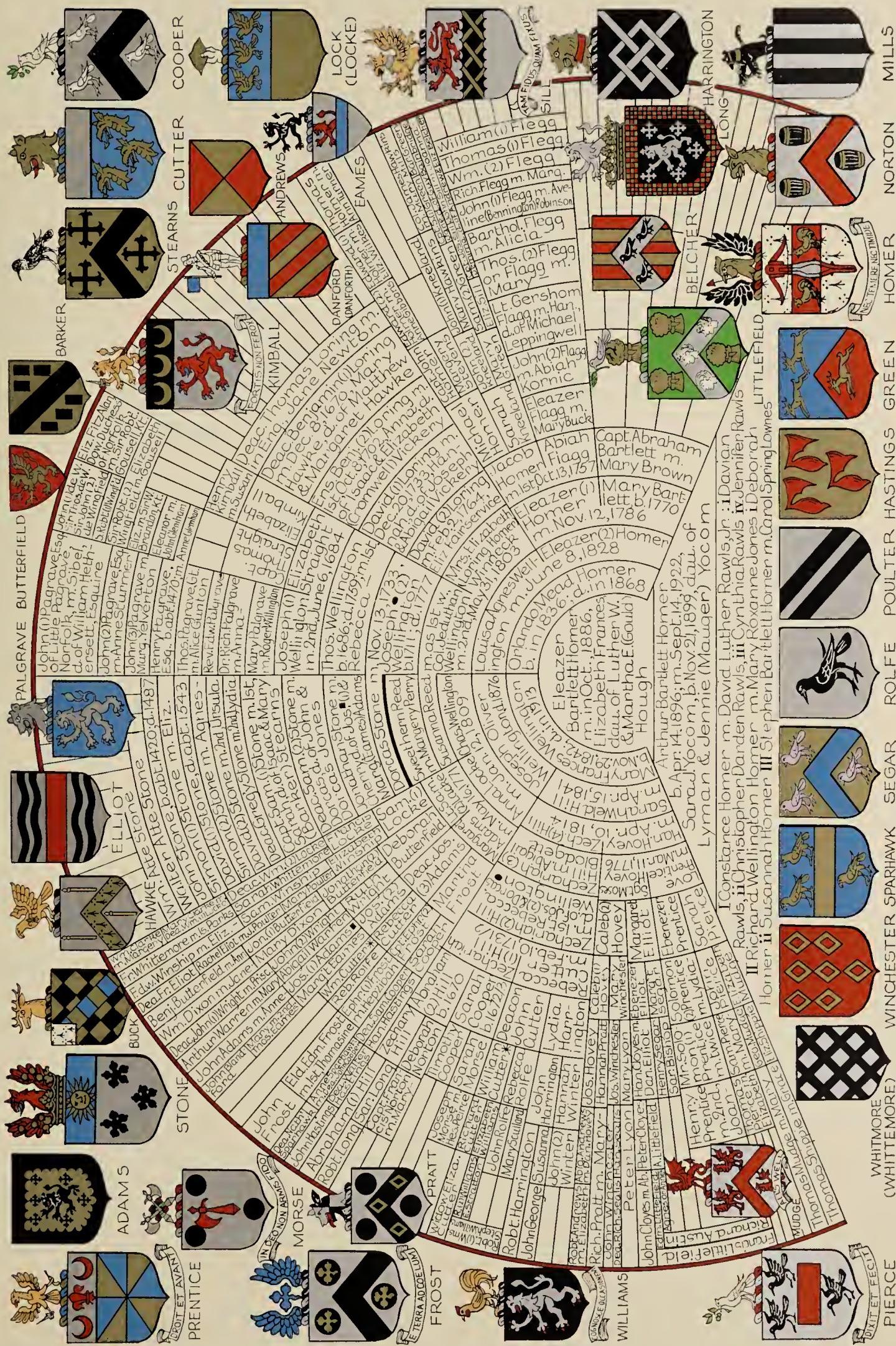
*Arms*—Bendy of six gules and or, a chief azure.

(Burke: "General Armory." John J. May: "Danforth Genealogy.")

*Crest*—A man in a military habit proper holding a flag displayed azure.

(Burke: "General Armory." John J. May: "Danforth Genealogy." Fairbairn: "Crests.")







## (THE FROST LINE)

The surname Frost is believed to have originated in the Scandinavian personal name given to one born at the time of frost. Henry Frost and Robert Frost appear on the Hundred Rolls of the counties of Norfolk and Lincoln, respectively, in A.D. 1273.

(C. W. Bardsley: "A Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

*I. Elder Edmund Frost*, son of John Frost, was born near Hartest, Suffolk, England, about 1600, and died July 12, 1672. He probably joined the ranks of the dissenters at an early date, and was one of the leaders in the party of the Reverend Thomas Shepard which was driven by religious persecution to seek refuge in America. Shepard referred to him as "my most dear brother Frost." Because of the laws then in force against non-conformists, Frost, Shepard and others had to embark under assumed names. Edmund Frost, with his wife and eldest son sailed from Ipswich on October 16, 1634, aboard the "Great Hope." The ship was almost wrecked in a severe North Sea storm and drifted back, almost helpless, into Yarmouth. Nearly a year later the Frost family again embarked in the "Defence" from Gravesend, Kent, on August 10, 1635, and arrived in Boston, Massachusetts, early in October. They settled at once in Cambridge in that colony, and Edmund Frost was admitted a freeman there, March 3, 1636. On February 11 of that year he had been installed as first ruling elder of the first church. In 1669 he was one of those appointed "For catechising the youth of the town." In his will he left a bequest to the infant Harvard College.

Elder Edmund Frost married (first), at Hartest, about 1630, Thomasine, whose surname is unknown, and who died before 1653. He married (second), Mary, whose surname is also not known, and who died before 1669. His third wife was Reana, the widow of Robert Daniel, and she survived him. Among his eight children was a son, *Ephraim (1)*, of whom further.

(Norman Seaver Frost: "Frost Genealogy in Five Families," 1926, pp. 1-5. Thomas G. and Edward L. Frost: "The Frost Family in England and America," 1909, pp. 50-52. Lucius R. Paige: "History of Cambridge," 1877, pp. 68-75, 269, 552. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 211. Charles Edward Banks: "The Planters of the Commonwealth," p. 35.)

*II. Ephraim (1) Frost*, son of Elder Edmund and Thomasine Frost, was born in Cambridge about 1646, and died January 2, 1717/8. He was admitted a freeman in 1684. His homestead was on the northerly side of Kirkland Street in Cambridge.

Ephraim (1) Frost married Hepzibah, whose surname is not known. She was born about 1655, died September 23, 1719, and was buried in the Cambridge burying ground. Among the six children of this marriage the third was a son, *Ephraim (2)*, of whom further.

(N. S. Frost: "Frost Genealogy in Five Families," pp. 5, 123. L. R. Paige: "History of Cambridge," p. 553. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 211.)

*III. Captain Ephraim (2) Frost*, son of Ephraim (1) and Hepzibah Frost, was born in Cambridge, September 23, 1682, and died June 26, 1769. He resided in Menotomy Precinct, now Arlington, Massachusetts, where he was a selectman in 1725, 1727, 1730 and 1735. He served on the Precinct Committee for five years and was also Precinct Assessor. On December 21, 1718, he was admitted as a founding member of the church.

Captain Ephraim (2) Frost married, September 9, 1714, Sarah Cooper. (Cooper III.) Among their six children the fifth was a daughter, *Martha*, of whom further.

(N. S. Frost: "Frost Genealogy in Five Families," pp. 123-29. L. R. Paige: "History of Cambridge," pp. 143, 297, 463, 480, 516, 553, 575, 656. William Richard Cutter: "History of Arlington," 1880, p. 245. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts, to the Year 1850," Vol. I, p. 270.)

*IV. Martha Frost*, daughter of Captain Ephraim (2) and Sarah (Cooper) Frost, was born in Cambridge, August 4, 1724, and died in Arlington, December 23, 1749.

She married Deacon Joseph (3) Adams. (Adams IV.)

(N. S. Frost: "Frost Genealogy in Five Families," p. 129. "Vital Records of Cambridge, Massachusetts, to the Year 1850," Vol. I, p. 271. "Vital Records of Arlington, Massachusetts, to the Year 1850," p. 123.)

#### (THE COOPER LINE)

Cooper is a surname of occupational origin derived from the word for a cask- or tub-maker. Because this trade was so general, the name is now found in all parts of the English-speaking world.

(H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom.")

*I. Deacon John Cooper*, progenitor of this line in America, was born in England about 1618, and died in Massachusetts, August 22, 1691. His father died prior to 1627, about which year his mother, Lydia, married in Dedham, Essex, as her second husband, Gregory Stone. With his stepfather, mother and sister Lydia, John Cooper came to America about 1636 and settled in Cambridge, Massachusetts. He was admitted a freeman, May 18, 1642, and from 1646 through 1690, served as a selectman. He also held the offices of constable and town clerk, the latter from 1669 through 1681. In addition, he was deacon of the church from 1668 until his death. In 1657 he built a house on Linnaean Street, Cambridge, now known as the Cooper-Austin house, which is presently owned by the Society for the Preservation of New England Antiquities.

Deacon John Cooper married Anne Sparhawk. (Sparhawk—Family in America—II.) Among their eight children the fourth was a son, *Samuel*, of whom further.

(James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, p. 454; Vol. IV, p. 204. J. Gardiner Bartlett: "Ancestry and Descendants of Deacon Gregory Stone of Cambridge, Massachusetts," 1918, pp. 41-46. Lucius R. Paige: "History of Cambridge," 1877. William Richard Cutter: "New England Families Genealogical and Memorial," 1914, Vol. I, p. 417.)

*II. Deacon Samuel Cooper*, son of Deacon John and Anne (Sparhawk) Cooper, was born in Cambridge, January 3, 1653/4, and died January 8, 1717/8. He inherited his father's homestead in Cambridge where he served as selectman from 1704 through 1716. He was also a deacon of the church there.

Deacon Samuel Cooper married, December 4, 1682, Hannah Hastings. (Hastings III.) Among their nine children the third was a daughter, *Sarah*, of whom further.

(J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, p. 454. W. R. Cutter: "New England Families Genealogical and Memorial," Vol. I, p. 417.)

*III. Sarah Cooper*, daughter of Deacon Samuel and Hannah (Hastings) Cooper, was born about 1687 and died February 21, 1753.

She married Captain Ephraim (2) Frost. (Frost III.)

(W. R. Cutter: "New England Families Genealogical and Memorial," Vol. I, p. 417. Norman Seaver Frost: "Frost Genealogy in Five Families," 1926, pp. 128-29.)

(THE HASTINGS LINE)

Hastings as a surname is believed to be derived from two possible sources. It may have denoted originally "the son of Hasting" or "Haest's son," from the Anglo-Saxon personal name Haest or Hasting. The other possibility is that the name was of local origin, denoting a resident of Hastings in Sussex near which the decisive battle in the Norman conquest of England took place.

(H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom." C. W. Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

*I. John Hastings*, founder of this line in America, died in Massachusetts, December 2, 1657. He is first of record in Braintree, Massachusetts, and was admitted a freeman, May 10, 1643. In 1648 he was a proprietor at Cambridge, Massachusetts, and in 1652 he had a share in the division of the Shawsheen land there. In February, 1656, he was received into the Cambridge church. He was a tanner by trade.

John Hastings married (first), probably in England, a wife whose name is not known. He married (second), Anne, widow of John Meane, or Means. She was born about 1606 and died March 25, 1666. The eldest of four children by his first marriage was a son, *Walter*, of whom further.

(James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 373. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," 1900, p. 218.)

*II. Deacon Walter Hastings*, son of John Hastings, was born in England in 1631, and died August 5, 1705. He served as a selectman most of the time from 1661 until his death, and was also a deacon of the Cambridge church.

Deacon Walter Hastings married (first), April 10, 1655, Sarah Meane, or Means, who was born in February, 1640, and died August 27, 1673, daughter of John and Anne Meane, or Means. He married (second), July 23, 1674, Elizabeth Bright, who died July 23, 1702, daughter of Henry Bright. Among the nine children of the first marriage the fifth was a daughter, *Hannah*, of whom further.

(J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, pp. 373, 374-75; Vol. III, p. 192. Lucius R. Paige: "History of Cambridge," 1877. William Richard Cutter: "New England Families Genealogical and Memorial," 1914, Vol. I, p. 417.)

*III. Hannah Hastings*, daughter of Deacon Walter and Sarah (Meane, or Means) Hastings, was born January 9, 1665, and died October 9, 1732.

She married Deacon Samuel Cooper. (Cooper II.)

(J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 374. W. R. Cutter: "New England Families Genealogical and Memorial," Vol. I, p. 417.)

## HASTINGS—SPARHAWK

## (THE SPARHAWK LINE)

This is one of the most ancient of surnames, and derives from the Anglo-Saxon *spe(a)rhafo*c, meaning a sparrowhawk. It is recorded that in A.D. 1050 the refusal of Archbishop Robert to consecrate one Spearhafo to the see of London aroused the people against the Franks. The name appears in Domesday Book as Sperhavoc, and in Middle English as Sperhauk(e) and Sparhavec.

(H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom.")

## (THE FAMILY IN ENGLAND)

*I. Samuel Sparhawk*, first of this line to be of definite record, resided in Dedham, in the county of Essex. He married a wife whose name is not known, and they had a son, *Nathaniel*, of whom further.

(Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," 1900, p. 427.)

## (THE FAMILY IN AMERICA)

*I. Deacon Nathaniel Sparhawk*, son of Samuel Sparhawk, was born in Dedham, Essex, February 16, 1597/8, and died in Massachusetts, June 27 or 28, 1647. He was a proprietor at Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1636, and was admitted a freeman by the General Court, May 23, 1639. At the same session he received a license to sell wine. Under date of November 20, 1644, he gave a letter of attorney to Thomas Adams of London to recover a debt of sixteen pounds, two shillings and tenpence of Mr. Owen Roe, also of London, for "clothes, dyet, bookees," and other necessaries for his son. He served as a deputy to the General Court from 1642 until his death, and was also a deacon of the church at Cambridge.

Deacon Nathaniel Sparhawk married (first), in Dedham, Essex, Mary Angier, who died in Massachusetts, January 25, 1643/4, daughter of John and Ann (Sherman) Angier who were married in Dedham, May 15, 1601, and granddaughter of William and Ann Angier, also of Dedham. William Angier, whose will, dated October 24, 1620, was probated August 2, 1622, married (second), Joan, whose surname is not known. John Angier, who was baptized at Dedham, April 2, 1576, left a will dated January 19, 1623/4, which was probated on February 18 following. Deacon Sparhawk married (second), Katharine, whose surname is unknown and who died July 5, 1647. A child of the first marriage was *Anne*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.* James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, p. 144. Harleian Society Publications, Vol. XCI, "East Anglian Pedigrees," p. 5.)

*II. Anne Sparhawk*, daughter of Deacon Nathaniel and Mary (Angier) Sparhawk, married Deacon John Cooper. (Cooper I.)

(*Ibid.*)

## (THE BUTTERFIELD LINE)

The surname Butterfield is of local origin, and is supposed to have been derived from a community in the West Riding of Yorkshire. Willelmus de Botterfeld was of record in that county in 1379, and branches of the family settled in Lancashire at an early date.

(C. W. Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

*I. Benjamin Butterfield*, first of this line in America, was born in England and died in Chelmsford, Massachusetts, March 2, 1687/8. He was first of record at Charlestown, Massachusetts, in 1638, and he was one of the original settlers at Woburn in the same colony in 1640. In 1643 he was made a freeman there, and in 1645 was on the Woburn tax list. In 1653 his name headed the list of twenty-nine inhabitants of the town who petitioned for a tract six miles square on the Concord River which was incorporated in 1655 as Chelmsford. In 1654 he built his homestead on the boundary line between the six mile tract and adjoining lands given to the Christian Indians who were under the ministerial care of the Reverend John Eliot, the "apostle to the Indians." The road between these tracts was called "Butterfield's highway" in local records. In 1656 he was one of the citizens of Chelmsford to whom Governor Dudley granted a farm of fifteen hundred acres in Billerica, and in 1666 he was granted forty-two acres in the new tract of Newfields, this being the largest share given to any one person.

Benjamin Butterfield married (first), probably in England, Ann, whose surname is not known, and who died in Chelmsford, May 19, 1661. He married (second), June 3, 1663, Hannah, widow of Thomas Whittemore, of Malden, Massachusetts. The eldest of his five children, all by the first marriage, was a son, *Jonathan (1)*, of whom further.

(George A. Gordon: "The Butterfields of Middlesex," pp. 1-11. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, pp. 322-23. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XLIV, pp. 33-34.)

*II. Jonathan (1) Butterfield*, son of Benjamin and Ann Butterfield, was born in England and died in Chelmsford, Massachusetts, April 3, 1673. He married Mary Dixon, who was born June 17, 1649/50, daughter of William and Jane Dixon, of Cambridge, Massachusetts. William Dixon, who was born about 1614 and died August 5, 1692, was in Cambridge by 1633 and was made a freeman May 18, 1642. His wife Jane was born about 1616 and died December 4, 1689. Among the three children of Jonathan (1) and Mary (Dixon) Butterfield the eldest was a son, *Jonathan (2)*, of whom further.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XLIV, p. 34. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, pp. 322-23; Vol. II, pp. 49-50. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 139.)

*III. Jonathan (2) Butterfield*, son of Jonathan (1) and Mary (Dixon) Butterfield, was born in Chelmsford, and died in 1744. He was a farmer in West Cambridge near the Foot of the Rocks, now Arlington, Massachusetts. In February, 1706, he was one of a scouting party in Queen Anne's War.

Jonathan (2) Butterfield married in Woburn, Massachusetts, March 20, 1693/4, Ruth Wright. (Wright III.) The youngest of their ten children was a daughter, *Deborah*, of whom further.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XLIV, pp. 34, 36. "Vital Records of the Town of Cambridge, Massachusetts, to the Year 1850," Vol. II, p. 245.)

## BUTTERFIELD—WRIGHT

*IV. Deborah Butterfield*, daughter of Jonathan (2) and Ruth (Wright) Butterfield, was baptized June 3, 1716, and died September 7, 1769.

She married Samuel (1) Locke. (Locke IV.)

(*Ibid.*)

## (THE WRIGHT LINE)

Wright, as a surname, is of occupational origin, the words *wryhta* in Old English and *wrighte* in Middle English meaning a workman, craftsman or carpenter.

(H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom.")

*I. Deacon John (1) Wright*, progenitor of this line in America, was born in England about 1601, and died in Woburn, Massachusetts, June 21, 1688. He was first of record at Charlestown, Massachusetts, where he was a subscriber to the Town Orders agreed upon there on December 18, 1640. He was at Woburn the following year and was admitted freeman there, May 10, 1643. He served as a selectman from 1645 to 1658 and from 1660 to 1664. He lived next to the meetinghouse and was a deacon of the church from 1664 until his death. He was a deputy to the General Court and one of a committee appointed by that body to divide the commonlands into "proprieties."

Deacon John (1) Wright married, probably in England, Priscilla, whose surname is not known, and who died in Woburn, April 10, 1687. The eldest of their five children was a son, *John (2)*, of whom further.

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XXXVII, p. 76. "Putnam's Monthly Historical Magazine," New Series, Vol. III, p. 230. Samuel Sewall: "The History of Woburn," 1868, pp. 174-75. Thomas Bellows Wyman: "The Genealogies and Estates of Charlestown," 1879, p. 1051. E. F. Johnson: "Woburn Records of Births, Deaths and Marriages," Part I, pp. 282-83; Part II, pp. 18, 212; Part III, p. 311. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, p. 657. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," 1900, p. 516.)

*II. John (2) Wright*, son of Deacon John (1) and Priscilla Wright, was born about 1630, and died in Woburn, April 30, 1714. He was buried in the First Burial-Ground there.

John (2) Wright married, May 10, 1661, Abigail Warren, who was born October 27, 1640, died April 6, 1726, and was buried in the First Burial-Ground of Woburn. She was the daughter of Arthur and Mary Warren, of Weymouth, Massachusetts, who were married in 1638. Arthur Warren, who was born probably in England before 1615, and died in Massachusetts after July 6, 1658, emigrated to New England about 1635 and was an early proprietor at Weymouth. In 1645 he was one of the petitioners to the General Court for a grant of the Narragansett lands. John (2) and Abigail (Warren) Wright had a daughter, *Ruth*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.* Warren Woden Foster: "Some Descendants of Arthur Warren of Weymouth, Massachusetts Bay Colony," pp. 7-11. Nathaniel B. Shurtleff: "Records of the Governor and Company of the Massachusetts Bay in New England," Vol. I, 1628-41, p. 219. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. VI, p. 267; Vol. XII, p. 349. "Weymouth, Massachusetts, Vital Records to 1850," Vol. I, p. 331. George Walter Chamberlain: "History of Weymouth, Massachusetts," Vol. III. "Genealogy of Weymouth Families," Vol. III, p. 351; Vol. IV, p. 724.)

*III. Ruth Wright*, daughter of John (2) and Abigail (Warren) Wright, died in 1753-4.

She married Jonathan (2) Butterfield. (Butterfield III.)

("New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. XLIV, pp. 34, 36.)

## (THE WINSHIP LINE)

It is believed that this surname was of occupational origin, and denoted the keeper of a wine-shop.

(Frank R. Holmes: "Directory of the Ancestral Heads of New England Families 1620-1700.")

*I. Edward Winship*, progenitor of this family in America, son of Lyonel Winship, or Wynshoph, of Wilton, Ovingham, Northumberland, was born in England about 1613, and died December 2, 1688. He came to New England before March 4, 1635, when he was admitted a freeman in Cambridge, Massachusetts. In 1637 he first served as a selectman of the town, holding the office on numerous occasions thereafter, and in 1638 he was a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Boston. In 1647 he was ensign of the Cambridge Military Company and in 1660 lieutenant. He also served as a deputy to the General Court in 1663, 1664 and from 1681 through 1686.

Edward Winship married (first), Jane, whose surname was probably Wilkinson, and (second), Elizabeth, whose surname is not known, and who was born about 1633 and died September 19, 1690. Among the seven children of the second marriage was a son, *Samuel*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, p. ccxviii. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, p. 597. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," 1900, p. 507. Society of Colonial Wars, "First Supplement to Index of Ancestors, 1941," p. 291.)

*II. Samuel Winship*, son of Edward and Elizabeth Winship, was born October 24, 1658, and died June 18, 1696. He married, April 12, 1687, Mary Poulter, who married (second), Isaac Powers. She was a daughter of John and Rachel (Eliot) Poulter who were married in 1662. (Eliot—Family in America—II.) John Poulter, who was born about 1635, died in Cambridge, Massachusetts, May 20, 1676. He came from Rayleigh, Essex, England, to Billerica, Massachusetts, prior to 1658. Among the five children of Samuel and Mary (Poulter) Winship was a daughter, *Elizabeth*, of whom further.

(J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, pp. 468-69; Vol. IV, pp. 597, 598.)

*III. Elizabeth Winship*, daughter of Samuel and Mary (Poulter) Winship, was born November 26, 1691, and died in 1758.

She married Francis Locke. (Locke III.)

(*Ibid.*, Vol. IV, p. 598. L. R. Paige: "History of Cambridge, 1630-1877," p. 696.)

## (THE ELIOT LINE)

For introduction see the Elliot line.

## (THE FAMILY IN ENGLAND)

*I. Bennett Eliot*, earliest known ancestor of this family, was buried in Nazeing, Essex, November 21, 1621. Before removing thither he had resided in Widford, Hertfordshire. His will, dated November 5, 1621, was proved March 28, 1622.

## ELIOT—LORING

Bennett Eliot was married in the church of St. John the Baptist, Widford, October 30, 1598, to Letteye Aggar. Among their seven children were the Reverend John Eliot, famed "Apostle to the Indians," and a son, *Francis*, of whom further.

(W. H. E. Emerson: "Genealogy of the Descendants of John Eliot," pp. 3, 7, 15.)

## (THE FAMILY IN AMERICA)

*I. Deacon Francis Eliot*, son of Bennett and Letteye (Aggar) Eliot, was baptized in Nazeing, Essex, and died in Braintree, Massachusetts, after October 30, 1677, the date of his will. He was admitted a freeman in Massachusetts, June 2, 1641. On October 12, 1653, he was made a deacon of the church in Braintree, and he is of record as having assisted his noted brother in his missionary work among the Indians.

Deacon Francis Eliot married Mary Saunders, who died January 17, 1697, a daughter of Martin and Rachel Saunders. Martin Saunders, who was born about 1595, and died August 4, 1658, was a currier by trade and came in the ship "Planter" from London in the spring of 1635, bringing his first wife, Rachel, and four children. He was one of the founders of the church at Braintree, Massachusetts, kept the inn there in 1639, and was admitted a freeman, March 13, 1640. His first wife died September 15, 1651, and he married (second), May 23, 1654, Elizabeth, widow of Roger Bancroft. Among the six children of Deacon Francis and Mary (Saunders) Eliot, the third was a daughter, *Rachel*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 3, 7. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, pp. 108-09; Vol. IV, p. 21.)

*II. Rachel Eliot*, daughter of Deacon Francis and Mary (Saunders) Eliot, was born October 26, 1643.

She married (first), John Poulter (Winship II), and (second), in 1677, John Whitmore, of Medford, Massachusetts.

(W. H. E. Emerson: "Genealogy of the Descendants of John Eliot," pp. 3, 7. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 109; Vol. III, p. 468.)

## (THE LORING LINE)

*I. Deacon Thomas Loring*, first of his family to be of definite record, was born in England and died April 4, 1661, in Hull, Massachusetts. He came from Axminster, County Devon, England, on December 23, 1634, and resided for a short time in Dorchester, Massachusetts. He soon removed to Hingham, Massachusetts, where, on September 18, 1635, he was allotted a house lot in Town (North). He was admitted a freeman on March 3, 1635/6, and was early a deacon in the church in Hingham. On March 15, 1645/6, his house was destroyed by fire, and he subsequently removed to Hull, where he became a proprietor in 1657. His estate, appraised on June 27, 1662, was valued at £331. 15s.

Deacon Thomas Loring married, in England, Jane Newton, who died August 25, 1672. The youngest of their six children was a son, *Benjamin (I)*, of whom further.

(Charles Henry Pope: "The Loring Genealogy," pp. 1-8. C. H. Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 291. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, pp. 18-19. "History of the Town of Hingham," Vol. III, p. 28.)

*II. Deacon Benjamin (1) Loring*, son of Deacon Thomas and Jane (Newton) Loring, was baptized January 9, 1644/5, in Hingham, Massachusetts, and died March 10, 1715/6, in Hull, Massachusetts. He resided in Hull and was a farmer. He became a freeman in 1673, and served as a selectman and moderator. For many years he was deacon of the church in Hull.

Deacon Benjamin (1) Loring married, December 8, 1670, in Hingham, Mary Hawke, who was baptized in Hingham August 2, 1646, and died in Hull on July 17, 1714, daughter of Matthew and Margaret Hawke. Matthew Hawke, who was born about 1610 and died December 11, 1684, came from Cambridge, England, and sailed with his wife and servant, John Fearing, in the ship "Diligent" from Ipswich, Suffolk, arriving in Boston, Massachusetts, August 10, 1638. He settled at once in Hingham where he was the second town clerk, and was admitted a freeman, May 18, 1642. He also served as schoolmaster. His wife died March 18, 1683.

The eldest of the six children of Deacon Benjamin (1) and Mary (Hawke) Loring was a son, *Benjamin (2)*, of whom further.

(C. H. Pope: "The Loring Genealogy," p. 20. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 381; Vol. III, p. 117. "History of the Town of Hingham," Vol. III, p. 28. "New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. II, p. 253. "Vital Records of the Town of Hull, Massachusetts, to the Year 1850," pp. 69, 70. Charles Edward Banks: "The Planters of the Commonwealth," 1930, p. 192. C. H. Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 221.)

*III. Ensign Benjamin (2) Loring*, son of Deacon Benjamin (1) and Mary (Hawke) Loring, was born in 1671-72 in Hull, Massachusetts, and died there April 28, 1732. He was a grand juror in 1723 and served Hull as clerk, selectman, treasurer, and moderator of town meetings. He was a deacon of the church in Hull and an ensign in the Hull military company.

Ensign Benjamin (2) Loring married (first), October 8, 1702, Anna Vickery, who died August 15, 1723, aged forty-seven years, daughter of Isaac and Elizabeth (Cromwell) Vickery. He married (second), September 13, 1726, in Hingham, Deborah (Jacob) Cushing, who was born May 8, 1677, and died November 30, 1755, daughter of John and Mary (Russell) Jacob and widow of Matthew Cushing. The youngest of the five children of the first marriage was a son, *David (1)*, of whom further.

(C. H. Pope: "The Loring Genealogy," p. 35. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, p. 117. "History of the Town of Hingham," Vol. III, pp. 28, 51, 69. Society of Colonial Wars: "An Index of Ancestors and Roll of Members," p. 306.)

*IV. David (1) Loring*, son of Ensign Benjamin (2) and Anna (Vickery) Loring, was born August 5, 1714, in Hull, Massachusetts, and died between April 6, 1781, the date of his will, and June 12, 1781, when it was proved. He resided at Hull, where he served on a grand jury in 1752. His military record in the Revolutionary War reads as follows:

"Loring, David, Hull. Capt. Stower's (Independent) co.; muster return of four Independent cos. stationed at Hull, dated March 1, 1777; age, 60 years; residence, Hull; reported mustered by Daniel Souther, Muster Master."

David (1) Loring married, December 20, 1733, Hannah Vickery, who was born March 3, 1713, daughter of Joseph and Abigail Vickery. The fourth of their nine children was a son, *David (2)*, of whom further.

## LORING—STONE

(C. H. Pope: "The Loring Genealogy," p. 59. "Vital Records of Hull, Massachusetts," pp. 25, 51. "Massachusetts Soldiers and Sailors in the Revolutionary War," Vol. IX, p. 964.)

*V. David (2) Loring*, son of David (1) and Hannah (Vickery) Loring, was born August 19, 1742, in Hull, Massachusetts, and died about 1778. He was a shoemaker. In 1769 he was a sealer of leather for the town of Boston, and he made shoes for British soldiers quartered there. He made a deposition relative to the Boston "Massacre" of March 5, 1770. In 1777 he sailed on the privateer *Sturdy Decker*, with one hundred men under Captain Campbell. They took several prizes but were lost off the coast of France in 1778.

David (2) Loring was married, February 2, 1764, in Boston, Massachusetts, by Reverend Mather Byles, to Elizabeth Fairservice, who died August 16, 1802. She married, as her second husband, Thomas Fennen, or Feney, and, as her third husband, Captain Thomas Jenner Carnes. The eldest of the five children of the first marriage was a daughter, *Elizabeth*, of whom further.

(C. H. Pope: "The Loring Genealogy," pp. 100-01. "Vital Records of Hull, Massachusetts," p. 26. "Thirtieth Report of the Record Commissioners; Boston Marriages, 1752-1800," p. 53.)

*VI. Elizabeth Loring*, daughter of David (2) and Elizabeth (Fairservice) Loring, was born April 10, 1766, in Boston, Massachusetts, and died March 11, 1851.

She married (first), February 2, 1786, Captain Jacob Homer; (second), June 4, 1788, John Winneck of Vermont; and (third) Colonel Jeduthan Wellington. (Wellington V.)

(C. H. Pope: "The Loring Genealogy," p. 100. "Twenty-Fourth Report of the Record Commissioners; Boston Births, 1700-1800," p. 313. "Thirtieth Report of the Record Commissioners; Boston Marriages, 1752-1800," pp. 87, 459.)

## (THE STONE LINE)

Stone is a surname of local origin from residence at or near one of the many parishes named Stone in England. It may also have originated from residence near a prominent ledge or boulder, sufficient in size to be a local landmark, and from which de Stone and atte Stone came into prominent use.

(C. W. Bardsley: "A Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

## (THE FAMILY IN ENGLAND)

*I. William atte Stone*, the earliest known ancestor of his family, was born about 1365, and died in 1430-31.

He had a son, *Walter*, of whom further.

(J. Gardiner Bartlett: "Ancestry and Descendants of Deacon Gregory Stone of Cambridge, Massachusetts," p. 15.)

*II. Walter atte Stone*, son of William atte Stone, was born about 1390. He inherited his father's lands at Ardleigh, County Essex.

He had a son, *John*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, p. 17.)

*III. John Stone*, son of Walter atte Stone, was born about 1420 and died in 1487. He occupied a small estate at Ardleigh, County Essex, which for over four centuries was called "Barons," the name derived from the Baron family who occupied it before the Stone family.

John Stone had four sons, among whom was *Simon (1)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 18-19.)

*IV. Simon (1) Stone*, son of John Stone, was born at "Barons," Ardleigh, County Essex, about 1450, and died between May 1506 and February 1510. He held an estate of the Manor of Bovills in Ardleigh, called "Walles," and another called "Goodenes" in Great Bromley, County Essex, where he settled, and where his will is recorded.

Simon (1) Stone married, in 1480, Elizabeth, whose surname has not been found. Among their four sons the eldest was *David (1)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 19-21.)

*V. David (1) Stone*, son of Simon (1) and Elizabeth Stone, was born at Great Bromley, County Essex, about 1480, and died about 1543. In 1540, he removed to the parish of Kirby-le-Soken, about six miles east of Great Bromley.

David (1) Stone had a son, *Simon (2)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 25-27.)

*VI. Simon (2) Stone*, son of David (1) Stone, was born at Great Bromley, County Essex, about 1507, and died there in 1557. His uncle, Walter Stone, gave him the estate of "Hunts," and he succeeded his father in possession of the estate at Kirby-le-Soken. He acquired considerable property at Great Bromley, where he eventually located.

Simon (2) Stone married, about 1533, Agnes, whose surname has not been found. The second of their three sons was *David (2)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 32-35.)

*VII. David (2) Stone*, son of Simon (2) and Agnes Stone, was born at Great Bromley, County Essex, about 1540, and died about 1597. He resided at Great Bromley.

David (2) Stone married (first), July 10, 1566, Elizabeth Hewitt, who died about 1582. He married (second), in 1584, Ursula, whose surname is not known. The youngest of the four children by the second marriage was a son, *Gregory*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 36-38.)

#### (THE FAMILY IN AMERICA)

*I. Deacon Gregory Stone*, son of David (2) and Ursula Stone, was born in the parish of Great Bromley, County Essex, England, was baptized there, April 19, 1592, and died November 30, 1672, at Cambridge, Massachusetts, where he was buried. He removed to Nayland, County Suffolk, where he lived until he emigrated to America, shortly after his brother Simon came in 1635. Settling first in Watertown, Massachusetts, where he owned land, he removed soon after to Cambridge, Massachusetts, before February 6, 1636/7, when his name first appeared on the records. He was admitted a freeman on May 25, 1636. He served as deputy for Cambridge to the Massachusetts General Court

in 1638. He was a deacon of the church and served for thirty-four years, being the last survivor of the original membership. He was appointed one of the petitioners to His Majesty for redress of conditions affecting residents in Cambridge, and was in every sense a leading man of the community, honored, beloved and respected. His will, dated November 22, 1672, was probated December 13, 1672.

Deacon Gregory Stone married (first), at Nayland, County Suffolk, England, July 20, 1617, Margaret Gerrad, who was baptized there, December 5, 1597, died at Nayland, and was buried August 4, 1626. She was the daughter of Thomas and Christian (Frende) Gerrad. He married (second), about 1627, at Dedham, England, Lydia Cooper, a widow. The second of the three children by the second marriage was a son, *Samuel (1)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 41-46. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, p. 204. William Richard Cutter: "Genealogical and Personal Memoirs relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," Vol. III, pp. 1409-10. Society of Colonial Wars: "An Index of Ancestors and Roll of Members," p. 455.)

*II. Captain Samuel (1) Stone*, son of Deacon Gregory and Lydia Stone, was baptized at Nayland, County Suffolk, England, February 4, 1630/1, and died at Lexington, Massachusetts, September 27, 1715. He was brought to America by his parents in 1635 and lived with them at Watertown and Cambridge, Massachusetts. In October 1654, he was a member of the military company which went to Rhode Island in an expedition against Ninigret, Sachem of the Niantic Indians. He was later captain of the Lexington military company. About the time of his first marriage he located at Cambridge Farms (now Lexington), Massachusetts, on land which had been granted to his father, and was admitted a freeman in 1657. For many years he was deacon of the church and served the town several times as surveyor and assessor.

Captain Samuel (1) Stone married (first), at Watertown, June 7, 1655, Sarah Stearns, who was born at Watertown, September 22, 1635, and died October 4, 1700, daughter of Isaac and Mary (Barker) Stearns. Isaac Stearns came to America in 1630 from Yarmouth, England, on the ship *Arbella*, and died at Watertown, Massachusetts, June 19, 1671. He landed at Salem, Massachusetts, settled first in Charlestown, and later removed to Watertown, where he was admitted a freeman on May 18, 1631. For several years he served the town as selectman. In 1647, he and Mr. Biscoe were appointed to supervise the building of a bridge over the Charles River. Isaac Stearns married, in 1622, Mary Barker, who died April 2, 1677, daughter of John and Margaret Barker, of Stoke, parish of Nayland, County Suffolk, England. Captain Samuel (1) Stone married (second) Abigail (Carter-Fowle) Walker. The eldest of the eight children of the first marriage was a son, *Samuel (2)*, of whom further.

(J. G. Bartlett: "Ancestry and Descendants of Deacon Gregory Stone of Cambridge, Massachusetts," pp. 78-81. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, pp. 173, 208-09. W. R. Cutter: "Genealogical and Personal Memoirs relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," Vol. III, p. 1410. Henry Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," pp. 451-53, 521. Society of Colonial Wars: "An Index of Ancestors and Roll of Members," p. 456. A. S. Van Wagenen: "Genealogy and Memoirs of Isaac Stearns and His Descendants," pp. 17, 23.)

*III. Deacon Samuel (2) Stone*, son of Captain Samuel (1) and Sarah (Stearns) Stone, was born October 1, 1656, at Cambridge Farms (now Lexington), Massachusetts,

and died there June 17, 1743. He was one of the original members of the Lexington church in 1696, and his wife was received from the Concord church in 1698. In King Philip's War he served in Captain Thomas Prentice's Troop of Horse in the Narragansett Expedition and was wounded in the Great Swamp Fight. In November 1715 he was elected deacon to succeed his father, and served as selectman in 1715-1716 and 1723.

Deacon Samuel (2) Stone married, June 12, 1679, Dorcas Jones, who died September 24, 1746, aged eighty-seven years, daughter of John and Dorcas Jones of Concord, Massachusetts. The fifth of their seven children was a son, *Jonathan*, of whom further.

(W. R. Cutter: "Genealogical and Personal Memoirs relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," Vol. III, p. 1410. H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," p. 521. Society of Colonial Wars: "A First Supplement to the Index of Ancestors and Roll of Members," 1941, p. 246.)

*IV. Jonathan Stone*, son of Deacon Samuel (2) and Dorcas (Jones) Stone, was born February 2, 1689, at Cambridge Farms (now Lexington), Massachusetts, and died there December 8, 1729.

He married, November 17, 1712, Cherry Adams. (Adams II, Child 2.) She married (second) Thomas Wellington. (Wellington III.) The second of the eight children by the first marriage was a daughter, *Dorcas*, of whom further.

(W. R. Cutter: "Genealogical and Personal Memoirs relating to the Families of Boston and Eastern Massachusetts," Vol. III, p. 1410. H. Bond: "Genealogies of Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," pp. 521, 523.)

*V. Dorcas Stone*, daughter of Jonathan and Cherry (Adams) Stone, was born March 25, 1715, and died March 1, 1801.

She married Joseph (2) Wellington. (Wellington IV.)

(H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown, Massachusetts," pp. 523, 629.)

#### (THE PALGRAVE LINE)

This surname, originally Pagrave, was derived from a place so called in South Greenhow Hundred in the county of Norfolk, England. The earliest mention of this family dates from the reign of Henry II (1154-1189), when John, son of Thomas de Pagrave, gave to Castle Acre Priory a yearly rent in his fee of Pagrave Parva.

("The New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. CII, pp. 88, 92.)

#### (THE FAMILY IN ENGLAND)

*I. John (1) Pagrave*, Esquire, first of this line to be of consecutive record, died some time after 1420. He resided at Little Pagrave, Norfolk.

John (1) Pagrave married Sibel Hethersett, who died between November 24, 1439, the date of her will, and July 2, 1445, when it was proved. In it she directed her burial in the church of the Friars Preachers at Norwich, Norfolk, beside her parents. She was the daughter and heiress of William Hethersett, of Hethersett, Esquire, and the granddaughter of Sir John Hethersett, Knight. She married (second), John Pain of Norwich who died

before November 24, 1439. A son of John (1) and Sibel (Hethersett) Pagrave was John (2), of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 92-93.)

*II. John (2) Pagrave*, of Little Pagrave, Esquire, son of John (1) and Sibel (Hethersett) Pagrave, was born about 1420, and died between April 13 and May 7, 1467, the dates when his will was signed and proved. In that document he requested burial in the chancel of the church of the Friars Preachers at Norwich beside his first wife, and made bequests to the churches of Hedwsett, Wymondham, Melton Magna, Melton Parva, Northwood Bernyngham and Keteryngham. He was a friend of the noted Paston family, and on April 23, 1452, was one of the Norfolk gentlemen who addressed the Sheriff of that County regarding a memorial sent to the Duke of Norfolk concerning the assaults and riots committed by Charles Nowell upon John Paston and "others of owre kynne, frendes and neygborys."

John (2) Pagrave married (first), Margaret Herward, daughter of Clement Herward, of Alborough, Norfolk. He married (second), Anne Sturmer, who died between December 11, 1501, the date of her will, and September 1, 1503, when it was proved. In it she directed that she be buried by her first husband. The daughter and heiress of Henry Sturmer, Sheriff of Norwich in 1441, she married (second), John Baynard, of St. Michael's Coslany, Norwich, Esquire, who died in 1474. She married (third), Roger Drury, of Hawstead, Suffolk, who also predeceased her. Among the children of John (2) Pagrave, all by his second marriage, was a son, *John (3)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 93-95.)

*III. John (3) Pagrave*, of Little Pagrave, Esquire, son of John (2) and Anne (Sturmer) Pagrave, was born about 1445. He married Margaret Yelverton, who was living September 11, 1513, when she held the manor of Woodhall in Hethersett. She was a daughter of Sir William Yelverton, of Rougham, Norfolk, K. B., by his first wife, Joan or Jane, daughter of Sir Oliver le Grosse, or Gros, of Basewick, Norfolk, Knight. Sir William, who was buried at Rougham, was of Gray's Inn and a sergeant-at-law in 1439. From 1403 to 1450 he served as recorder of Norwich and in 1443 was appointed Judge of the King's Bench. He also held the posts of steward of the duchy of Lancaster in Norfolk and of justice of the peace and gaol delivery in the Bishop of Ely's liberty of Mitford hundred. He was created a Knight of the Bath at the Tower of London on the eve of the coronation of Edward IV, June 27, 1461.

John (3) and Margaret (Yelverton) Pagrave had a son, *Henry*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, p. 95. Francis Blomefield: "An Essay Towards a Topographical History of the County of Norfolk," Vol. X, p. 31. Walter Rye: "Norfolk Families," p. 1047. W. Segar and J. Edmondson: "Baroniam Genealogicum," Vol. III, p. 213. William A. Shaw: "The Knights of England," Vol. I, p. 133.)

*IV. Henry Pagrave*, of Little Pagrave, Esquire, son of John (3) and Margaret (Yelverton) Pagrave, was born about 1470, died October 2, 1516, and had a fine memorial brass in the church of Northwood Barningham, Norfolk. He was of Northwood Barningham and also of Thruxtion, Norfolk.

Henry Pagrave married Anne Glemham, daughter of John and Eleanor (Brandon) Glemham, of Little Glemham, Suffolk, and granddaughter of Sir William Brandon, Knight, by his wife, Elizabeth Wingfield. (Wingfield VI.) Sir William Brandon, who

died in 1491, was escheator for Norfolk and Suffolk in 1454-5 and Marshall of the King's Bench from 1457 until his death. Of Framlingham, Suffolk, in 1458, he was in the service of the Royal Household in January, 1460, and King's Servitor in January, 1462. He was a member of Parliament from Shoreham, Sussex, in 1467-8. Knighted by Edward IV on the field of Grafton following the Battle of Tewkesbury, May 4, 1471, he was one of the ten knights who swore allegiance to the Prince of Wales on July 13 of that year. In 1475 he served in France.

Among the eight children of Henry and Anne (Glemham) Pagrave was a son, *Thomas*, of whom further.

(“The New England Historical and Genealogical Register,” Vol. CII, p. 95; Vol. CIII, pp. 102-04. W. A. Shaw: “The Knights of England,” Vol. II, pp. 14-15.)

*V. Thomas Pagrave*, Gentleman, son of Henry and Anne (Glemham) Pagrave, was born about 1505-10. He received the manor of Thruxtion in Norfolk from his father or elder brother, Clement.

Thomas Pagrave married Alice Gunton, daughter of Robert Gunton, of Thruxtion. The second of their seven children was a son, *Edward*, of whom further.

(“The New England Historical and Genealogical Register,” Vol. CII, pp. 95-96.)

*VI. Reverend Edward Palgrave*, as the name came to be spelled in his generation, son of Thomas and Alice (Gunton) Pagrave, was baptized at Thruxtion, January 21, 1540/1, and died between December 3 and 20, 1623, the dates when his will was signed and proved. In it he directs that he be buried in the chancel of the church at Barnham Broom, Norfolk, of which he was rector from 1567 until his death.

Reverend Edward Palgrave married about 1571 a wife whose name is not known. The youngest of his five children was a son, *Richard*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, p. 96.)

#### (THE FAMILY IN AMERICA)

*I. Doctor Richard Palgrave*, son of Reverend Edward Palgrave, was born in England about 1580-85, and died in Massachusetts between October 4 and 6, 1651. He was a physician residing in Wymondham, Norfolk, from about 1620 to 1630. In April or May of the latter year he sailed with his wife and three daughters in the Winthrop Fleet for New England, and was a proprietor at Charlestown, Massachusetts, the same year. On May 18 following he was admitted a freeman of the colony.

Doctor Richard Palgrave married in England, Anna, whose surname is not known. She was born about 1594, and died in Roxbury, Massachusetts, March 17, 1668/9. After her husband's death she returned to England for a time and was a resident of Stepney Parish, London, March 17, 1655/6. Later she settled in Roxbury. The eldest of the ten children of this marriage was a daughter, *Mary*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 87, 96-97. James Savage: “A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England,” Vol. III, pp. 339-40.)

*II. Mary Palgrave*, daughter of Doctor Richard and Anna Palgrave, was born in England about 1618/9.

She married Roger Willington. (Wellington I.)

(*Ibid.*)

(THE WINGFIELD LINE)

Wingfield is a surname of local origin derived from a place so called in the county of Suffolk, England. The latter, in its turn, was spelled Wingefeld in the twelfth century, and denoted "Winga's-Field," or "-Plain," from the Anglo-Saxon personal name Winga, and the Old English "feld," meaning field.

(H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom.")

*I. John (1) de Wingfield*, first of this line to be of definite record, lived at the beginning of the fourteenth century. He married Elizabeth Honypot, daughter of John Honypot of Wingfield, who was living in 1294/5, by his wife, Juliana. A son of this marriage was *Thomas*, of whom further.

("The New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. CIII, pp. 290-91.)

*II. Sir Thomas de Wingfield*, son of John (1) and Elizabeth (Honypot) de Wingfield, died between July 17 and September 27, 1378, the dates when his will was signed and proved, and was buried with his wife in the church at Lethringham, Suffolk. He must have been of age by 1330/1 when he appeared as a deforciant in a Suffolk fine for lands in Sternefeld, Saxmundham, Benhall, Farnham, Holton, and the advowson of Saxmundham church. Through his marriage the manor of Lethringham came into the Wingfield family.

Sir Thomas de Wingfield married as her second husband, Margaret (de Bovill) Carbonel, widow of Sir William Carbonel, daughter of John de Bovill, and granddaughter and heir of Sir William de Bovill of Lethringham. Their eldest son and heir was *John (2)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 291-93.)

*III. Sir John (2) de Wingfield*, son of Sir Thomas and Margaret (de Bovill-Carbonel) de Wingfield, died shortly after 1389. He and his wife were buried in Lethringham church. He was of age by 1384; he was knight of the shire for Suffolk, and was knighted prior to 1385/6.

Sir John (2) de Wingfield married Margaret de Hastings, daughter of Sir Hugh de Hastings of Elsing, Norfolk. She married (second), Sir John Russell, of Strengsham, Worcestershire, as his second wife. The second son of the first marriage was *Robert (1)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 293-94.)

*IV. Sir Robert (1) Wingfield*, son of Sir John (2) and Margaret (de Hastings) de Wingfield, died May 3, 1409, and was buried in Lethringham church. The first to drop the preposition from the family name, he inherited the manor of Lethringham on the death without issue of his elder brother.

Sir Robert (1) Wingfield married Elizabeth Russell, daughter of his step-father, Sir John Russell, of Strengsham, by the latter's first wife, Agnes or Anne. Sir John, who was

Master of the Horse to Richard II, died at Lethringham in 1405 and was buried at Strengsham. The eldest son and heir of this marriage was *Robert (2)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, p. 294.)

*V. Sir Robert (2) Wingfield*, K. B., son of Sir Robert (1) and Elizabeth (Russell) Wingfield, was born in 1403, died in 1454, and was buried at Lethringham. He was created a Knight of the Bath at Leicester by Henry VI on Whitsunday, May 19, 1426. In the following year and in 1429, 1432 and 1436/7, he served as knight of the shire for Suffolk, and he held the same office in Hertfordshire in 1449. On November 28, 1436, he was appointed steward of the honor of Richmond in the county of Norfolk. A commissioner was appointed in Suffolk to inquire into evil doers, who, with Sir Robert (2) Wingfield, had committed riots there in 1447, and as a result he was confined in the Marchelsea prison, but was pardoned in February, 1448. In September of that year he complained that the Duke of Norfolk had brought cannon by night and besieged Lethringham, set coals of fire in the litters of his beds, and carried off twelve hundred pounds' worth of his goods, as well as those of his son-in-law, Sir William Brandon. In 1450 he was denounced in Parliament as one of the King's evil advisers, but was on a commission in 1451.

Sir Robert (2) Wingfield married Elizabeth Gousell, daughter and co-heir of Sir Robert Gousell, Knight, of Heveringham, Nottinghamshire, by his wife, Elizabeth FitzAlan, Dowager Duchess of Norfolk. Sir Robert Gousell was killed fighting in the Royal army at the Battle of Shrewsbury in 1403. Among the nine children of this marriage was a daughter, *Elizabeth*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 294-95. William A. Shaw: "The Knights of England," Vol. I, p. 131.)

*VI. Elizabeth Wingfield*, daughter of Sir Robert (2) and Elizabeth (Gousell) Wingfield, died April 28, 1496/7.

She married Sir William Brandon. (Palgrave—Family in England—IV.)

("The New England Historical and Genealogical Register," Vol. CIII, pp. 105, 106, 295.)

#### (THE FLAGG LINE)

The surname Flagg, in its earlier form Flegg, was derived originally from a place-name in the county of Norfolk, England. The latter, in turn, was from the Danish-Norwegian "flekke," meaning a village or borough. Algar de Flegg was of record in Norfolk as early as the reign of Henry II.

(H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom." C. W. Bardsley: "Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

#### (THE FAMILY IN ENGLAND)

*I. William (1) Flegg*, first of this line to be of definite record, died in 1426. He was living in the county of Norfolk in the reign of Henry IV (1399-1413). He had a son, *Thomas (1)*, of whom further.

(Norman Gershom Flagg and Lucius C. S. Flagg: "Family Records of the Descendants of Gershom Flagg," 1907, pp. 12, 13.)

## FLAGG

*II. Thomas (1) Flegg*, son of William (1) Flegg, died in 1471. He resided in Norfolk. He had a son, *William (2)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, p. 13.)

*III. William (2) Flegg*, son of Thomas (1) Flegg, was living at Swafield, Norfolk, in 1521, during the reign of Henry VIII. Among his five sons was *Richard*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*)

*IV. Richard Flegg*, son of William (2) Flegg, died before May 28, 1587, when his will was proved. In it he mentioned his wife, sons *Richard*, *John (1)* and *Ralph*, daughter *Alice*, and three grandchildren. He resided at Shipdham, Norfolk.

*Richard Flegg* married *Margaret*, whose surname is not known, and among their five children was a son, *John (1)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 13, 14-15.)

*V. John (1) Flegg*, son of *Richard* and *Margaret Flegg*, died between September 3, 1613, the date of his will, and February 16, 1617, when it was proved in Norwich, Norfolk. He resided at Whinbergh and Yaxham, Norfolk, and owned a close at the latter place which he bequeathed to his three children, *Allan*, *Bartholemew* and *Rebecca*.

*John (1) Flegg* married *Aveline (Bennington) Robinson*, widow of *J. Robinson*. Among his three children was a son, *Bartholemew*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, p. 15.)

*VI. Bartholemew Flegg*, son of *John (1) Flegg*, resided at Whinbergh and Shipdham, Norfolk. He married *Alicia*, whose surname is unknown, and among their four sons was *Thomas (2)*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*)

## (THE FAMILY IN AMERICA)

*I. Thomas (2) Flegg*, or *Flagg*, as the name came to be spelled in America, was baptized at Whinbergh, Norfolk, in 1615, and died February 6, 1697/8. He came to New England in the company of *Richard Carver* aboard the ship "Rose" or "John and Dorothy," the two ships sailing in company, and arrived at Boston, Massachusetts, June 8, 1637. He settled in Watertown, Massachusetts, as early as 1641, and served in the trainband there until 1681. In 1675 he was a member of Captain Samuel Moseley's Company. Prior to 1659 he lost his left eye by a gunshot accident. He served as selectman in 1671, 1674, 1675, 1676, 1678, 1681, 1685 and 1687.

*Thomas (2) Flegg*, or *Flagg* married *Mary*, whose surname is not known. She was born in 1619, and died between December 30, 1702, the date of her will, and April 21, 1703, when it was proved. Among their eleven children the eldest was a son, *Gershom*, of whom further.

(*Ibid.*, pp. 15, 18-21. Charles Edward Banks: "The Planters of the Commonwealth," pp. 184, 186. Society of Colonial Wars, "First Supplement to Index of Ancestors, 1941," p. 95. Henry Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown," 1860, pp. 219, 762.)

*II. Lieutenant Gershom Flagg*, son of Thomas (2) and Mary Flegg, or Flagg, was born in Watertown, April 16, 1641, and was killed by the Indians at Lamprey River, New Hampshire, July 6, 1690, while on an expedition against Port Royal during King William's War. He removed to Woburn, Massachusetts, prior to his marriage, and was admitted a freeman, May 27, 1676. He held the rank of first lieutenant. By trade he was a tanner.

Lieutenant Gershom Flagg married in Woburn, April 15, 1668, Hannah Leppingwell, who was born there, January 6, 1647/8, and married (second), December 10, 1696, Ensign Israel Walker. She was a daughter of Michael Leppingwell, of Cambridge and Woburn, a carpenter, who died March 22, 1686/7. Among the ten children of Lieutenant Gershom and Hannah (Leppingwell) Flagg, was a son, *John* (2), of whom further.

(N. G. and L. C. S. Flagg: "Family Records of the Descendants of Gershom Flagg," p. 21. H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown," pp. 220, 763. Society of Colonial Wars, "First Supplement to Index of Ancestors, 1941," p. 95. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," 1900, p. 284.)

*III. John* (2) *Flagg*, son of Lieutenant Gershom and Hannah (Leppingwell) Flagg, was born May 25, 1673, and died in Boston, Massachusetts, prior to December 19, 1732, when his will was proved. He and his wife sold land in Woburn in 1699, and in 1717 he purchased an estate on Hanover Street in Boston. Like his father, he was a tanner.

John (2) Flagg married Abiah Kornic, who was born in England, died September 3, 1715, and was buried in the Old Granary Burying-Ground, Boston. Among their nine children the third was a son, *Eleazer*, of whom further.

(N. G. and L. C. S. Flagg: "Family Records of the Descendants of Gershom Flagg," pp. 21-23. H. Bond: "Genealogies of the Families and Descendants of the Early Settlers of Watertown," pp. 220, 763.)

*IV. Eleazer Flagg*, son of John (2) and Abiah (Kornic) Flagg, was born in Boston, February 12, 1703, and died in 1749. He was an innkeeper in Boston. In 1740 he purchased a famous slate quarry in Lancaster, Massachusetts.

Eleazer Flagg married by intentions declared February 17, 1724, Mary Buck, of Scituate, Massachusetts. Among their six children the youngest was a daughter, *Abiah*, of whom further.

(N. G. and L. C. S. Flagg: "Family Records of the Descendants of Gershom Flagg," pp. 23-30.)

*V. Abiah Flagg*, daughter of Eleazer and Mary (Buck) Flagg, was born January 21, 1735.

She married Jacob Homer. (Homer—Family in America—III.)

(*Ibid.* "Twenty-Fourth Report of the Record Commissioners; Boston Births, 1700-1800," p. 221.)

#### (THE KNEELAND LINE)

The surname Kneeland is believed to be derived from lands named Cleland or Kneland in the parish of Dalziel, Lanarkshire, Scotland. The first of the family of record is said to be Alexander Kneland of that Ilk, during the reign of Alexander III, 1249-1285.

(George F. Black: "The Surnames of Scotland.")

*I. John* (1) *Kneeland*, progenitor of his family in America, was born August 2, 1632, died August 11, 1691, and was buried in Roxbury, Massachusetts. In 1657 he was one of the founders of the Scots' Charitable Society of Boston.

John (1) Kneeland married Mary Hawkins, daughter of Colonel James Hawkins, a prominent mariner, and his wife, Mary (Mills) Hawkins. Mary (Mills) Hawkins was the daughter of John and Susanna Mills, who came to Boston with the Winthrop fleet in 1630, probably from Lavenham, County Suffolk, England. He applied to be admitted a freeman on October 19, 1630, and was so admitted March 6, 1632. He and his wife were recommended to the church in Braintree, Massachusetts, on December 5, 1641, and he was town clerk of Braintree in 1653. John Mills married Susanna, whose surname is not known and who died December 10, 1675, in her eightieth year. John (1) and Mary (Hawkins) Kneeland had a son, *John (2)*, of whom further.

(Stillman Foster Kneeland: "Seven Centuries in the Kneeland Family," 1897, pp. 49-50. James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, pp. 34, 213-14. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 315. C. E. Banks: "The Planters of the Commonwealth," p. 77.)

*II. John (2) Kneeland*, son of John (1) and Mary (Hawkins) Kneeland, was born November 29, 1668, and died August 5, 1740. He was a builder of Boston, Massachusetts.

John (2) Kneeland married Mary Green. (Green IV.) The fifth of their eight children was a daughter, *Sarah*, of whom further.

(S. F. Kneeland: "Seven Centuries in the Kneeland Family," 1897, pp. 50-51. J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. III, p. 34.)

*III. Sarah Kneeland*, daughter of John (2) and Mary (Green) Kneeland, was born January 4, 1700, and died November 10, 1782.

She married Michael Homer. (Homer—Family in America—II.)

(S. F. Kneeland: "Seven Centuries in the Kneeland Family," 1897, pp. 51, 66.)

#### (THE GREEN LINE)

Green, and its variant Grenne, is a surname of local origin, derived from residence "at the green," later called the village common. Deonisia ate Grene and Warin de la Grene were of record in the Hundred Rolls of 1273.

(C. W. Bardsley: "A Dictionary of English and Welsh Surnames.")

*I. Bartholomew Green*, progenitor of his family in America, was born in England and died before 1642. He and his family settled in Cambridge, Massachusetts, by 1633, and he was admitted a freeman there May 14, 1634.

Bartholomew Green married Elizabeth, whose surname is not known and who died October 28, 1677, aged eighty-eight years, "after a widowhood of about forty years." The eldest of their four children was a son, *Samuel (1)*, of whom further.

(James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, pp. 299-300. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 198.)

*II. Captain Samuel (1) Green*, son of Bartholomew and Elizabeth Green, was born in England in 1615, and died January 1, 1701/2. He came to Cambridge, Massachusetts, with his father in 1633, and was admitted a freeman there March 4, 1635. In 1649 he became manager of the Cambridge press which President Dunster of Harvard College had acquired by marriage with the widow of Jesse Glover. Samuel (1) Green had probably

not served an apprenticeship in printing; nevertheless his was the only printing office in the English colonies until 1665, and outside of Cambridge and Boston he had no competition until 1685. He became manager of the press of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in New England in 1654, and began publication of John Eliot's Indian translations. In 1660 the Society sent over Marmaduke Johnson, and from 1660 to 1663 they printed their greatest work, Eliot's Indian Bible. Samuel (1) Green had sold his press to Harvard College in 1654, and about 1670 the Society's press was also put under the college's control. He continued as the college printer, and was printer for the Massachusetts Bay Colony until 1691. The list of his known imprints number about 275.

From 1652 he served as clerk of writs for Middlesex County, Massachusetts, and was town clerk from 1694 to 1697. He was an ensign during King Philip's War and was captain of the Cambridge military company for thirty years, from 1660 to 1701.

Captain Samuel (1) Green married (first) Jane Bainbridge, who died November 16, 1657, daughter of Guy Bainbridge. He married (second), February 23, 1662/3, Sarah Clark, who was born in 1644 and died in 1707, daughter of Elder Jonas Clark. Among the seven children of the first marriage was a son, *Samuel (2)*, of whom further.

(J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, p. 305. Isaiah Thomas: "History of Printing in America," 2nd edition, 1874. Society of Colonial Wars: "An Index of Ancestors and Roll of Members," p. 206.)

*III. Samuel (2) Green*, son of Captain Samuel (1) and Jane (Bainbridge) Green, was born March 6, 1648, and died in July 1690 of small pox. He was a printer and resided in Cambridge, Massachusetts.

Samuel (2) Green married, November 18, 1685, Elizabeth Sill. (Sill III.) They had a daughter, *Mary*, of whom further.

(J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. II, pp. 305, 306; Vol. IV, p. 97. Stillman Foster Kneeland: "Seven Centuries in the Kneeland Family," 1897, pp. 50-51.)

*IV. Mary Green*, daughter of Samuel (2) and Elizabeth (Sill) Green, married John (2) Kneeland. (Kneeland II.)

(*Ibid.*)

#### (THE SILL LINE)

The surname Sill is of baptismal origin. It is said to represent a contraction of the given names Silvester, Silvanus or Cecil.

(H. Harrison: "Surnames of the United Kingdom.")

*I. John Sill, Syll or Scill*, as the name was variously spelled in early New England records, progenitor of his family in America, died before 1658. It is stated that he heard Mr. Shepard, later of Cambridge, Massachusetts, preach while the latter was in Northumberland, England. There is reason to believe that John Sill and his wife resided at Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Northumberland, before coming to America. He was a proprietor at Cambridge, Massachusetts, in 1637, and was made a freeman on May 2, 1638.

John Sill, Syll or Scill married, in England, Joanna, whose surname is unknown, and whose will was probated in October 1671. She had a grant of land in 1662. They had a son, *Joseph*, of whom further.

(James Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, p. 96. Charles Henry Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," p. 415. William Richard Cutter: "Genealogical and Family History of the State of Connecticut," Vol. III, p. 1296.)

*II.* Captain Joseph Sill, or Syll, son of John and Joanna Sill, Syll or Scill, was born in England about 1636, died August 6, 1696, and was buried in Lyme, Connecticut. He served with distinction in King Philip's War, at Groton, where he was in command, and on the Merrimac River, Casco Bay and the Ossipee River in New Hampshire. After the war he removed from Cambridge, Massachusetts, to Lyme, where he resided until his death.

Captain Joseph Sill, or Syll married (first), December 5, 1660, Jemima Belcher, who was born February 5, 1642, and died in Cambridge about 1675, daughter of Andrew and Elizabeth (Danforth) Belcher, and granddaughter of Nicholas and Elizabeth Danforth. Andrew Belcher, who was born about 1614, and died June 26, 1680, was a proprietor of Sudbury, Massachusetts, in 1639, and removed to Cambridge shortly thereafter. A mariner, trader, vintner, painter, and innkeeper, he was a member of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company in 1643. He married, October 1, 1639, Elizabeth Danforth, who was born in England in 1618, the eldest child of Nicholas Danforth. The latter, who died in April 1638, came to Cambridge, Massachusetts, from Framlingham, County Suffolk, England, in 1634, was proprietor and selectman on November 23, 1635, and was admitted a freeman on March 3, 1635/6. He served as a deputy to the General Court in 1636 and 1637. Captain Joseph Sill, or Syll married (second), at Lyme, February 12, 1677/8, Sarah (Clark) Marvin, who died February 17, 1715, daughter of George Clark and widow of Reynold Marvin. The youngest of the six children by the first marriage was a daughter, *Elizabeth*, of whom further.

(J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. I, p. 155; Vol. II, pp. 7-8; Vol. IV, p. 96. C. H. Pope: "The Pioneers of Massachusetts," pp. 43, 130, 415. W. R. Cutter: "Genealogical and Family History of the State of Connecticut," Vol. III, p. 1296. Society of Colonial Wars: "An Index of Ancestors and Roll of Members," pp. 38, 134, 429.)

*III.* Elizabeth Sill, daughter of Captain Joseph and Jemima (Belcher) Sill, or Syll, was baptized September 12, 1668.

She married Samuel (2) Green. (Green III.)

(J. Savage: "A Genealogical Dictionary of the First Settlers of New England," Vol. IV, pp. 96-97. W. R. Cutter: "Genealogical and Family History of the State of Connecticut," Vol. III, p. 1296.)

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